प्रश्न पुस्तिका / QUESTION BOOKLET विश्वय / Subject:

Electrical Engineering

कोड'/ Code : 08

दुस्तिका में पृष्ठों की संख्या / Number of Pages in Booklet: 16

पुस्तिका में प्रश्नों की संख्या /

Number of Questions in Booklet: 100

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202013

Electrical Engineering

08

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पूर्णांक / Maximum Marks : 100

मन्य / Time : 2 घंटे / Hours

INSTRUCTIONS

Answer all questions.

2. All questions carry equal marks.

3. Only one answer is to be given for each question.

 If more than one answers are marked, it would be treated as wrong answer.

Each question has four alternative responses marked serially as 1, 2, 3, 4. You have to darken only one circle or bubble indicating the correct answer on the Answer Sheet using BLUE BALL POINT PEN.

6. 1/3 part of the mark(s) of each question will be deducted for each wrong answer. (A wrong answer means an incorrect answer or more than one answers for any question. Leaving all the relevant circles or bubbles of any question blank will not be considered as wrong answer.)

The candidate should ensure that Series Code of the Question Paper Booklet and Answer Sheet 7, must be same after opening the envelopes. In case they are different, a candidate must obtain another Question Paper of the same series. Candidate himself shall be responsible for casuring this.

Mobile Phone or any other electronic gadget in the examination half is strictly prohibited. A candidate found with any of such objectionable material with him/her will be strictly dealt as per rules.

Please correctly fill your Roll Number in O.M.R. Sheet. 5 marks will be deducted for filling wrong a incomplete Roll Number.

Warning: If a candidate is found copying or it any unauthorised material is found in his/her possession, F.I.R. would be lodged against him/her in the Police Station and he/she would liable to be prosecuted under Section 3 of the R.P.E. (Prevention of Unfairmeans) Act, 1992. Commission may also debar him/her permanently from all future examinations of the Commission.

निर्देश

- 1. सभी प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए ।
- 2. सभी प्रश्नों के अंक समान हैं।
- 3. प्रत्येक प्रश्न का केवल एक हो उत्तर दीजिए।
- 4. एक से अधिक उत्तर देने की दशा में प्रश्न के उत्तर की मनत माना जाएगा ।
- 5. प्रत्येक प्रश्न के चार वैकल्पिक उत्तर दिवे गये हैं, जिन्हें रूमझ: 1, 2, 3, 4 अंकित किया गया है। अध्यर्थी को सही उत्तर निर्दिष्ट करते हुए उनमें से केवल एक गोले अध्या जबल को उत्तर-पत्रक पर नीले बॉल चाइंट पेन से गहरा करना है।
- 6. प्रत्येक गतत उत्तर के लिए प्रश्न अंक का 1/3 भाग कारा का वायेगा। गलत उत्तर से तारमं अशुद्ध उत्तर अथवा किसी में प्रश्न के एक से अथिक उत्तर से हैं। किसी भी प्रश्न से संविधित गोले या ववल को खाली छोड़ना गतल उत्तर नहीं माना जायेगा!
- 7. प्रश्न-पत्र पुस्तिका एवं उत्तर पत्रक के निफाफे को सीक खोतने पर परीक्षार्थी यह सुनिदिचत कर लें कि उसके प्रश्न-पत्र पुस्तिका पर बही सीरीज अकित में जो उत्तर बज्ञक पर अकित है। इसमें कोई भिन्नता हो तो बीधक से प्रश्न पत्र की ही सीरीज बाला दूसरा प्रश्न-पत्र का निफाफा प्राप्त कर ते। ऐसा न करने पर जिम्मेदारी अध्यर्थी की होगी।
- 8. मोबाईल फोन अथवा इलेक्ट्रोनिक यंत्र का परीक्षा ठॉल में प्रयोग पूर्णतया वर्णित हैं। यदि किसी अध्यक्षी के पास वेसी कोई वर्णित सामग्री मिलती है तो उसके विरुद्ध आयोग दासा नियमानुसार कार्यवाही की आवेगी।

 कृपया अपना रोल नम्बर ओ.एम.आर. पत्रक यर सत्तथानी पूर्वक सही भरें। गलत अथवा अपूर्ण रोल नम्बर भरने पर 5 अंक कुल प्राप्तोकों में से अनिवार्थ रूप से काटे जाएंगे।

चेतावनी : अगर कोई अम्यर्थी नकल करते पकड़ा जाता है या उसके पास से कोई अन्धिकृत सामग्री पाई जाती है. तो उस अध्यर्थी के विरुद्ध पुलिस में प्राथिपकी दर्ज कराई जायेगी और आर. पी. ई. (अनुधित साधनों की रोकथाम) अधिनियम, 1992 के नियम 3 के तहत कार्यवाही की जायेगी। साथ ही आयोग ऐसे अध्यर्थी को भियन्त में होने वाली आयोग की समस्त परीक्षाओं से विवर्धित कर्द सकता है।

\$\frac{1}{3}\BEE6_A]

[Contd...

- In relation to the synchronous machines, which one of the following statements is false?
 - (1) In salient pole machines, the direct-axis synchronous reactance is greater than the quadrature-axis synchronous reactance
 - (2) The damper bars help the synchronous motor self-start
 - (3) Short circuit ratio is the ratio of the field current required to produce the rated voltage on open circuit to the rated armature current
 - (4) The V-curve of a synchronous motor represents the variation in the armature current with field excitation, at a given output power
- 2 In a DC machine, which of the following statements is true?
 - (1) Compensating winding is used for neutralizing armature reaction while inter pole winding is used for producing residual flux
 - (2) Compensating winding is used for improving commutation while inter pole winding is used for neutralizing armature reaction
 - (3) Compensating winding is used for improving commutation while inter pole winding is used for producing residual flux
 - (4) Compensating winding is used for neutralizing armature reaction while inter pole winding is used for improving commutation
- 3 A synchronous generator is feeding a zero power factor (lagging) load at rated current. The armature reaction is
 - (1) magnetizing
 - (2) demagnetizing
 - (3) cross-magnetizing
 - (4) ineffective
- 4 In a transformer, zero voltage regulation at full load is
 - (1) not possible
 - (2) possible at unity power factor load
 - (3) possible at leading power factor load
 - (4) possible at lagging power factor load
 - The DC motor, which can provide zero speed regulation at full load without any controller, is
 - (1) series

- (2) shunt
- (3) cumulative compound
- (4) differential compound

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6	found to be 0.05. The sp structure is	O Hz voltage is applied to a 3 phase, 4 pole e motor is delivering rated output, the slip is seed of the rotor m.m.f. relative to the rotor
	(1) 1500 r.p.m.	(2) 1425 r.p.m.
	(3) 25 r.p.m.	(4) 75 r.p.m.
7	A ceiling fan uses	•
	(1) split-phase motor.	
	(2) capacitor start and c	anacitor run motor
	(3) universal motor.	apacitor full motor.
	(4) capacitor start motor	•
8	To diminate the 5th ham	
0	alternator the coils mad	nonic voltage from the phase voltage of an
	(1) 30°	to be short pitched by an electrical angle of
	` '	(2) 36°
	(3) 18°	(4) 72°
9	The magnetizing current is	n a transformer is rich in
	(1) 3 rd harmonic	(2) 2 nd harmonic
	(3) 7 th harmonic	·
	(5) / narmome	(4) 13 th harmonic
10	Auto-transformer is used	in transmission and distribution
	(1) When operator is no	
	(2) When iron losses are	:
		siderations can be ignored
	3,	
	(4) When the transforma	tion ratio is small
Ħ	The surge impedance of a 400 ohms. For a 200 km l will be	400 km long overhead transmission line is ength of the same line, the surge impedance
	(1) 200 ohms	(2) 800 ohms
	(3) 400 ohms	(4) 100 ohms
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	(4) too ouni?
12	value of an element is x. T	nd base volt-amperes, the per unit impedance the per unit impedance value of this element amperes bases are both doubled is (2) 2x
	(3) 4x	(A) v

			20 km tong underground cable is 8 mega
	13	The insulation resistance of a	a 20 km long underground cable is 8 mega or similar cable of 10 km is
	r		(2) 32 megaohm
		• /	(4) 2 megaohm
		(3) 4 megaohm	() =
	14	The insulation strength of an J	EHV transmission line is mainly governed by
	17	(1) Load power factor	(2) Switching over-voltages
		(3) Harmonics	(4) Corona
•	15	Reeping in view the cost and breaker is best suited for co	nd overall effectiveness the following circuit capacitor bank switching
		(1) Vacuum	(2) Air blast
		(3) SF6	(4) Oil
	\$6	Thek the incorrect statement (b) Unreliable convergence (2) Slow convergence (3) Choice of slack bus a	ee
	17	(1) Bulk power transmiss(2) Inter-connecting two(3) Eliminating reactive p	transmission is mainly used for sion over very long distances systems with the same nominal frequency power requirements in the operation at the converter stations
	18	If all the sequence voltages then the fault is a	at the fault point in a power system are equal
		(1) Three phase fault	(2) Line to ground fault
		(3) Line to line fault	(4) Double line to ground fault
	20000000000000000000000000000000000000	Which one of the following possible major fault in a (1) Over current relay (3) Buchholz relay	relays has the capability of anticipating the transformer? (2) Differential relay (4) Over fluxing relay
	8	نئائن ہے اور ان	oh one of the following relations is true?
	826		ch one of the following relations is true? (2) -AD-BC = 1
	8	$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{(i)} & \text{AD-BC} = 1 \\ \text{(ii)} & \text{AD-BC} = 1 \end{array}$	(2) $-AD-BC = 1$ (4) $AD-BC = 0$
	2	(3) $AD-BC = -1$	
		8/BEE6_A]	4 Contd

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- 21 Feedback control systems are
 - (1) Insensitive to both forward path and feedback path parameter changes
 - (2) Less sensitive to feedback path parameter changes than to forward path parameter changes
 - (3) Less sensitive to forward path parameter changes than to feedback path parameter changes
 - (4) Equally sensitive to forward path and feedback path parameter changes
- 22 The type number of control system with
 - $G(s) H(s) = K(s+2)/s(s^2+2s+3) is$
 - (1) One

(2) Two

(3) Three

- (4) Four
- 23 The output of first order hold between two consecutive sampling instant is a
 - (1) Constant

- (2) Quadratic function
- (3) Ramp function
- (4) Exponential function
- 24 Given a unity feedback system with G(s) = K/s(s+4), the value of K for damping ratio of 0.5 is
 - (1) 1

(2)

(3) 16

- (4) 64
- Which one of the following is the most likely reason for large overshoot in a control system?
 - (1) High gain in a system.
 - (2) Presence of dead time delay in a system
 - (3). High positive correcting torque
 - (4) High retarding torque
- The open-loop transfer function of a unity feedback control system is given by $G(s) = K(s+2)/s(s^2+2s+2)$

The centroid and angles of root locus asymptotes are respectively

- (1) Zero and +90°, -90°
- (2) -2/3 and $+60^{\circ}$, -60°
- (3) Zero and +120°, -120°
- (4) -2/3 and +90°, -90°

7	27		can steady s		-		reduce	d ?	
		(1)	-	g the type o	-	m			
		(2)	•	g system gai					
		(3)	2	g the static	error c	onstan	it		
		(+1)	By increasing	g the input					
-	28		the equation. ine will be	s ³ -4s ² +s+6=() the n	umber	of root	s in the l	eft half of
		(1)	zero		(2)	one			•
		(3)	two		(4)	three			
	29		bode diagram ysis and syntl		the mo	st con	nmonly 1	ised meth	od for the
		(1)	nonlinear fee	edback contro	syste	ems of	nly		`.
		(2)	linear feedba	ick control s	ystems	only	•		
		(3)	open loop s	vstems only	,	·			
		(4)	all of the al	ove					
				C 12			.0		
	30		ch one of the	-					
			ol's chart is			•	and ana	iysis of	
		(1)	•	frequency re	-				
		(2)	Open loop f		-				•
		(3)	•	and open lo	op we	quency	respon:	se	
		(4)	None of the	ese					
	31	A vo	ohage source	having an op	en-circ	uit vo	Itage of	100 V ar	nd internal
	-	Desis	tance of 50W	is equivalen	t to a	curre	nt sourc	e	
-		(1)	2A in parallel	with 50W.	(2)	2A w	ith 50W	in series.	
	-	(3)	0.5A in paral	lel with 50W.	(4)	2A in	parallel	with 100V	٧.
	32	Two	resistors R ₁ a	nd R ₂ give co	mbined	l resist	ance of	4.5Ω whe	n in series
Q			1Ω when in	_					
\mathcal{Q}		(1)	2Ω and 2.5	Ω	(2)	1Ω a	and 3.49		
8		(3)	1.5Ω and 3	7	(4)	4Ω (and 0.59	J.	
88888888888888888888888888888888888888	3 3	Three parallel resistive branches are connected across a dc supply. What will be the ratio of the branch currents $I_1:I_2:I_3$ if the branch resistances							
15			in the ratio R	11. N21. N311214		2.4.4			
73		(l) (3)	3:2:6			2:4:6			
Wash.	L	(3)	6:3:2		(4)	6:2:4			
B	68 4	BEE6	_A]		6				[Contd

34	Ideal aurrent garmes have		•
34			
			Infinite internal resistance
	(3) Low value of voltage	.(4)	Large value of current
35	Kirchhoff's laws are valid	for	
	(1) Linear circuits only		·
	(2) Passive time invariant		•
	(3) Nonlinear circuits only	,	
	(4) Both linear and nonlin		cuits only
36	Which of the following the nonlinear circuits?	eorems	is applicable for both linear and
	(1) Superposition	(2)	Thevenin's
	(3) Norton's	(4)	None of these
37	of 18 W. When the same f the same magnitude as the c	Cis con arrent's	current source, it consumes a power meeted to a voltage source having ource, the power absorbed by R is ource and the value of R are
	(1) $\sqrt{18}$ Aand Ω	(2)	$3A$ and 2Ω
٠	(3) IA and 18Ω	(4)	6A and 0.5Ω
38	Millman's theorem yields ec	mivalent	
	(1) Impedance or resistance		•
	(2) Current source		
	(3) Voltage source		•
	(4) Voltage or current sour	ce	
9	When the power transferred power transfer is	to the l	oad is maximum, the efficiency of
	(1) 25%	(2)	75%
	(3) 50%	(4)	100%
0	In a balanced Wheatstone bridge are interchanged, the bridge can be drawn from	lge; if the	ne positions of detector and source ll remain balanced. This inference
	(1) Reciprocity theorem	(2)	Duality theorem
	(3) Compensation theorem	(4)	Equivalence theorem
8/1	BEE6_A]	7	[Contd

		(1)	does not contain modue carriers				
	-	(2)	contains both free electrons and holes				
		(3)	contains one type of mobile carriers depending on the level of	F			
			doping of the p or n regions				
		(4)	contains electrons only as free carriers				
	42	The	important characteristic of emitter-follower is				
		(1)	high input impedance and high output impedance				
		(2)	high input impedance and low output impedance				
		(3)	low input impedance and low output impedance				
		(4)	low input impedance and high output impedance				
	43	For	a JFET, when VDS is increased beyond the pinch off voltage, in	G-			
	***		current	-			
		(1)	Increases (2) Decreases				
		(3)	Remains constant (4) First decreases and then increase	<u> </u>			
		1 L	istable multivibrazor is a				
	44 h						
	7	(1)	Free running oscillator (2) Triggered oscillator				
		(3)	Saw tooth wave generator (4) Crystal oscillator				
	45	Tran	sistor is a				
		(1)	Current controlled current device.				
		(2)	Current controlled voltage device.	•			
		(3)	Voltage controlled-current device.				
		(4)	Voltage controlled voltage device.	-			
<u></u>	46	For	NOR circuit SR flip flop the not allowed condition is				
0		(1)	S=0, R=0 (2) S=0, R=1				
			S=1, R=1 (4) $S=1, R=0$				
8		***	a record to the day of the second to the sec				
50	47	The fan-out of a MOS-logic gate is higher than that of TTL gates be of its					
			·				
But.			low input impedance (2) high output impedance				
	?	(3)	low output impedance (4) high input impedance				
1) ()8/	BEE6	[A] S IIII Consci.				

41 Space charge region around a p-n junction

- 48 n-type silicon is obtained by
 - (1) Doping with tetravalent element
 - (2) Doping with pentavalent element
 - (3) Doping with trivalent element
 - (4) Doping with a mixture of trivalent and tetravalent element
- 49 A'literal' in Boolean Algebra means
 - (1) a variable in its uncomplemented form only
 - (2) a variable or with its complement
 - (3) a variable in its complemented form only
 - (4) a variable in its complemented or uncomplemented form
- 50 Which of the following Boolean rules is correct?

(1)
$$A+0=0$$

(2)
$$A+1=1$$

(3)
$$\overline{A+A} = \overline{A \cdot A}$$

$$(4) A+A\cdot B=\overline{A+B}$$

- 54 Most of linear ICs are based on the two transistor differential amplifier because of its
 - (1) Input voltage dependent linear transfer characteristic.
 - (2) High voltage gain.
 - (3) High input resistance.
 - (4) High CMRR
- 52 Which of the following diodes is operated in reverse bias mode?
 - (1) P-N junction

(2) Zener

(3) Tunnel

(4) Schottky

53 - JFET is a

- (1) Current controlled device with high input resistance
- (2) Voltage controlled device with high input resistance
- (3) Current Controlled Current Source (CCCS)
- (4) Voltage Controlled Voltage Source (VCVS)
- 54 The depletion region in a Junction Diode contains
 - (1) only charge carriers (of minority type and majority type)
 - (2) no charge at all
 - (3) vacuum, and no atoms at all
 - (4) only ions i.e., immobile charges

(2) Less than one but positive (3) Greater than one (4) Equal to zero Magnetic current is composed of which of the following? (1) Only displacement component (2) Only displacement component (3) Both conduction and displacement component (4) Neither conduction nor displacement component (4) Perpendicular to the axis (2) Parallel to the axis (3) At an angle of 45° with the axis (4) Zero The coils having self inductance of 10 mH and 15 mH and effect inductance of 40 mH, when connected in series aiding. What with the equivalent inductance if we connect them in series opposing (3) 20 mH (4) Zero 60 The energy stored in the magnetic field of a solenoid 30 cm and 3 cm diameter wound with 1000 turns of wire carrying current 10A is (1) 0.015 J (2) 0.15 J (3) 0.5 J (4) 1.15 J		(N) Less than zero	,	ALE.	
(2) Less than one but positive (3) Greater than one (4) Equal to zero 57 Magnetic current is composed of which of the following? (1) Only conduction component (2) Only displacement component (3) Both conduction and displacement component (4) Neither conduction nor displacement component (5) Parallel at any point on the axis of a current earrying coil with the field at any point on the axis (2) Parallel to the axis (3) At an angle of 45° with the axis (4) Zero 59 The coils having self inductance of 10 mH and 15 mH and effect inductance of 40 mH, when connected in series aiding. What with the equivalent inductance if we connect them in series opposing (4) 20 mH (3) 5 mH (4) Zero 60 The energy stored in the magnetic field of a solenoid 30 cm and 3 cm diameter wound with 1000 turns of wire carrying current 10A is (1) 0.015 J (2) 0.15 J	56.	The magnetic suscept	онну от a paramagi	netic material is.	
(3) Greater than one (4) Equal to zero 57 Magnetic current is composed of which of the following? (1) Only conduction component (2) Only displacement component (3) Both conduction and displacement component (4) Neither conduction nor displacement component (5) Perpendicular to the axis of a current earrying coil with the field at any point on the axis (2) Parallel to the axis (3) At an angle of 45° with the axis (4) Zero 59 The coils having self inductance of 10 mH and 15 mH and effect inductance of 40 mH, when connected in series aiding. What with the equivalent inductance if we connect them in series opposing (4) 20 mH (5) 5 mH (6) Zero 60 The energy stored in the magnetic field of a solenoid 30 cm and 3 cm diameter wound with 1000 turns of wire carrying current 10A is (1) 0.015 J (2) 0.15 J		•	it positive		
Magnetic current is composed of which of the following? (1) Only conduction component (2) Only displacement component (3) Both conduction and displacement component (4) Neither conduction nor displacement component (5) Perpendicular to the axis of a current earrying coil with the early learned to the early learned to the early learned to the early learned earrying coil with the early learned earrying self inductance of 10 mH and 15 mH and effect inductance of 40 mH, when connected in series aiding. What with the equivalent inductance if we connect them in series opposing (4) 20 mH (2) 10 mH (3) 5 mH (4) Zero 60 The energy stored in the magnetic field of a solenoid 30 cm and 3 cm diameter wound with 1000 turns of wire carrying current 10A is (1) 0.015 J (2) 0.15 J			positi.		
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(2) Only displacement component (3) Both conduction and displacement component (4) Neither conduction nor displacement component (5) Phether conduction nor displacement component (6) Perpendicular to the axis (7) Parallel to the axis (8) At an angle of 45° with the axis (9) Zero The coils having self inductance of 10 mH and 15 mH and effect inductance of 40 mH, when connected in series aiding. What with the equivalent inductance if we connect them in series opposing (8) 20 mH (9) 5 mH (1) Zero The energy stored in the magnetic field of a solenoid 30 cm and 3 cm diameter wound with 1000 turns of wire carrying current 10A is (1) 0.015 J (2) 0.15 J	Ħ.		,	f the following?	
(3) Both conduction and displacement component (4) Peinther conduction nor displacement component (3) Perpendicular to the axis (2) Parallel to the axis (3) At an angle of 45° with the axis (4) Zero (5) The coils having self inductance of 10 mill and 15 mH and efferinductance of 40 mH, when connected in series aiding. What with the equivalent inductance if we connect them in series opposing (3) 20 mH (4) Zero (4) Zero (6) The energy stored in the magnetic field of a solenoid 30 cm and 3 cm diameter wound with 1000 turns of wire carrying current 10A is (1) 0.015 J (2) 0.15 J			•		
The field at any point on the axis of a current earrying coil wing (3) Perpendicular to the axis (2) Parallel to the axis (3) At an angle of 45° with the axis (4) Zero The coils having self inductance of 10 mH and 15 mH and effect inductance of 40 mH, when connected in series aiding. What with the equivalent inductance if we connect them in series opposing (4) 20 mH (3) 5 mH (4) Zero 60 The energy stored in the magnetic field of a solenoid 30 cm and 3 cm diameter wound with 1000 turns of wire carrying current 10A is (1) 0.015 J (2) 0.15 J			-		
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(2) Parallel to the axis (3) At an angle of 45° with the axis (4) Zero The coils having self inductance of 10 mH and 15 mH and effer inductance of 40 mH, when connected in series aiding. What with equivalent inductance if we connect them in series opposing (3) 20 mH (2) 10 mH (3) 5 mH (4) Zero The energy stored in the magnetic field of a solenoid 30 cm and 3 cm diameter wound with 1000 turns of wire carrying current 10A is (1) 0.015 J (2) 0.15 J	538)			штепт саггуіпд соі	l will
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inductance of 40 mH, when connected in series aiding. What wi the equivalent inductance if we connect them in series opposing (i) 20 mH (2) 10 mH (3) 5 mH (4) Zero The energy stored in the magnetic field of a solenoid 30 cm and 3 cm diameter wound with 1000 turns of wire carrying current 10A is (1) 0.015 J (2) 0.15 J		(#) Zero			
(1) 20 mH (2) 10 mH (3) 5 mH (4) Zero 60 The energy stored in the magnetic field of a solenoid 30 cm and 3 cm diameter wound with 1000 turns of wire carrying current 10A is (1) 0.015 J (2) 0.15 J		inductance of 40 mH,	when connected in	series aiding. Wha	t will
(1) 0.015 J (2) 0.15 J	<u> </u>	the edgewatent undergi			
(1) 0.015 J (2) 0.15 J	u.		(2) 10 m	EL	_
	- ur.	(4) 20 mH	•	E1	
	- r.	(3) 20 mH (3) 5 mH The energy stored in and 3 cm diameter work	(4) Zero	of a solenoid 30	cm l
		(3) 20 mH (3) 5 mH The energy stored in and 3 cm diameter world is	(4) Zero the magnetic field and with 1000 turns	of a solenoid 30 of wire carrying c	cm l

51	The	difference between the indi	icated v	value and true value of a quantity is	
	(1)	gross error	(2)	absolute error	
	(3)	dynamic error	(4)	relative error	
62		defining the standard midered?	neter, n	absolute error relative error wavelength of which material is Krypton Xenon	
	(1)	Neon	(2)	Krypton	,
	(3)	Helium	(4)	Xenon 8	•
63	Wire	e-wound resistors are unsu	itable f	or use at high frequencies because	
	(1)	They are likely to melt	under	excessive eddy current	
	(2)	They exhibit unwanted	nductiv	e and capacitive effect	
	(3)	They create more electric	ical no	ise	
	(4)	They consume more pov	ver		
64	Whi	ch of the following meter	rs is an	n integrating type instrument ?	
	(1)	Ammeter	(2)	Voltmeter	
	(3)	Wattmeter	(4)	Energy meter	
65	Indu	strial measuring instrumer	its are	of accuracy classes	
	(1)	0.5 and 1	(2)	0.5, 1, 1.5, 2.5 and 5	
	(3)	1, 1.5, 2.5 and 5	(4)	1.0, 0.2 and 0.5	
		30 A T			
66	Whi	ch of the following meters	does	not exhibit square law response?	
	(1)	Moving coil			
	(2)	Moving iron		,	
	(3)	Electrodynamometer			
	(4)	Hot wire instrument		•	
67	Deci	ibel scale is useful while	measur	ing voltages covering	
	(1)	Wide frequency ratio		Wide voltage ratio	
	(3)	Narrow frequency range		-	
08/	BEE6	Al	11	IIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIII	

•		(1)	Electrostatic Institution:		valeresis and eddy current errors?
		(3)	Moving coil permanent	alaninet	INDC instrument
		(4)	Moving coil dynamome:		
	69	The	primary current in a Cf	is dict	ated by
•• ,					The core of transformer
•	}	(3)	The load current		None of the above
1 24 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	76	[Wha	it is clamp-on animerer u	and tor	7
		(1)	Low ac current	(2)	High ac current
the second		(3)	flow do carrent	\$ /\$ }	High de current
	715	Con	dectivity modulation is a	phenon	teach which occurs in
		(1)	Power MOSFEET	(2)	GTO thyristor
		(3)	NJBT	(4)	Power bipolar transistor
	72	A II	tyristor can be termed as		
			DC switch	(2)	A6 switch
		(***)	Ewker (1) or (2)	(4)	Square wave switch
	73-	Swpp is re	ose the anode current of a duced to one fifth, its a	conduct	ring SCR is 50A. If its gate current
		(I)	10A	(2)	
		(3)	28A	(4)	
	7%	Town	on and turn off time of	i (ransist	We suppend on
		(T)	Static characteristics		basetion capacitances
		(B)	Current gain		None of the above
¥.	75)	It is port So	preferable to use a train of CR in order to reduce dv/dt problem	pidse vi	high is equency for gate triggering
	75	or S	CR in order to seduce	pidse vi	itight in equency for gate triggering
8	73)	ol S(CR in order to reduce of dv/dt problem with problem		
88	73.	of Si (1) (2)	CR in order to seduce	ดเสียงขอ	ì
8 8 8	75	of Si (1) (2) (3) (4)	CR in order to reduce dv/dt problem aii/th problem the size of the pulse trathe complexity of the file	ntiberie ling elec	i Inii
888888888888888888888888888888888888888		of Si (1) (2) (3) (4) Whice	CR in order to reduce dv/dt problem aii/th problem the size of the pulse trathe complexity of the file	ardoerd dag elec m cand	ì
		of Si (1) (2) (3) (4) Whice	CR in order to reduce dv/dt problem aii/dr problem the size of the pulse trouble the complexity of the fill of the following does not	ntdense ing vist 20 sunse (2)	r mir permanent damage to an SCR ?

77	Static	voltage	equalization	ij	suries	connected	SCRs	is	obtained	by
	the us	e of								

- (1) One resistor across the string
- (2) Resistors of different value across each SCR
- (3) Resistors of same value across each SCR
- (4) One resistor in series with the string

78 A triac is a

- (1) 2 terminal switch
- (2) 2 terminal bilateral switch
- (3) 3 terminal unilateral switch
- (4) 3 terminal bidirectional switch

179 Triac cannot be used in

- (1) AC voltage regulators (2) Cycloconverters
- (3) Solid state type of switch (4) histerier

80 Resonant convertors are basically used to

- (1) Generate large peaky voltage
- (2) Reduce the switching losses
- (3) Eliminate harmonics
- (4) Convert a square wave into a sine wave

81 A microprocessor is AUU

- (1) And control unit on a single chip
- (2) And memory on a single chip
- (3) Register unit and 1/O device on a single chip
- (4) Register unit and control unit on a single chip

82 The suitable programmable counter for 8086 microprocessor is

(1) 8253 chip

CH 8754 chip

(3) 8359 chip

(1) 8251 chip

83 The program counter in a 8083 microprocessor is a 16-bit register, because

- (1) It counts 16-bits at a time
- (2) There are 16- address line
- (3) It facilitates the user for storing 16-bit data temporarily
- (4) It has to fetch two 8-bit does at a time

84	Output	of the assembler in	machine	code is referred to as					
	(4) C	bject program	(2)	Source program					
	(3) N	facroinstruction	(4)	Symbolic addressing					
\$ 5		te ALU and control section?	ction of	CPU employ which special purpose					
	(1) B	uffers	(2)	Decoders					
	(3) A	ceumulators	(4)	Registers					
56 ,	Which a numb	logical operation is per	erformed	by ALU of 8085 to complement					
	(1) A	ND	(2)	NOT					
	(3) 0	2	(4)	EXCLUSIVE OR					
877	In whi	th unit is the perform	ance of	cache memory measured?					
	(F) E		(2)	Bits/s					
	(3°) ca	eche constant	(4)	Hit ratio					
39	So to an Intel 3085 A, which is always the first machine improcessor?								
	\$1) A	n op-code fetch cycle	(2)	A memory read cycle					
	(3) A	memory write cycle		An I/O read cycle					
8134	Milar is	an interrupt in which	h the exest know	xternal device supplies its address wn as ?					
	(i) Ve	ectored interrupt	(2)	Maskable interrupt					
	(3) No	on-maskable interrupt	(4)	None of the above					
90	Which	of the following is no	nt a vec	tored interrupt ?					
	(1) R3	ST 7.5	(2)	RST 7					
₽.	(3) TI	RAP	(4)	INTR					
g 31	The key	word used to define	a struct	ture is					
O 6	(1) St	ru	(2)	Stt					
O O	(3) Str	ruet	(4)	Structure					
88	Header	files often have the f	ile exte	nsion					
52	(l) .H		(2)	.HE					
	(3) .H	EΑ	(4)	.HEAD					
		:		•					
18/	8886_A}		14	[Contd					

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SPACE FOR ROUGH WOR

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