ACF & FRO - 2018

37,21

पुस्तिका में पृष्ठों की संख्या : 12 Number of Pages in Booklet : 12

पुस्तिका में प्रश्नों की संख्या :100 No. of Questions in Booklet :100

Paper Code: 02

**Sub: GENERAL ENGLISH** 

समय : 3.00 घण्टे Time : 3.00 Hours प्रश्न-पत्र पुस्तिका संख्या / Question Paper Booklet No.

FCA-12

6060393

Exam Date - 18.02.21

Paper - II अधिकत

अधिकतम अंक : 100 Maximum Marks : 100

प्रश्न-पत्र पुस्तिका एवं उत्तर पत्रक के पेपर सील/पॉलिथीन बैंग को खोलने पर परीक्षार्थी यह सुनिश्चित कर लें कि उसके प्रश्न-पत्र पुस्तिका पर वही प्रश्न-पत्र पुस्तिका संख्या अंकित है जो उत्तर पत्रक पर अंकित है। इसमें कोई मिन्नता हो तो परीक्षार्थी वीक्षक से दूसरा प्रश्न-पत्र प्राप्त कर लें। ऐसा सुनिश्चित करने की जिम्मेदारी अभ्यर्थी की होगी। On opening the paper seal/polythene bag of the Question Paper Booklet the candidate should ensure that Question Paper Booklet No. of the Question Paper Booklet and Answer Sheet must be same. If there is any difference, candidate must obtain another Question Paper Booklet from Invigilator. Candidate himself shall be responsible for ensuring this.

#### परीक्षार्थियों के लिए निर्देश

- सभी प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए ।
- 2. सभी प्रश्नों के अंक समान हैं।
- 3. प्रत्येक प्रश्न का केवल एक ही उत्तर दीजिए ।
- 4. एक से अधिक उत्तर देने की दशा में प्रश्न के उत्तर को गलत माना जाएगा ।
- 5. प्रत्येक प्रश्न के चार वैकल्पिक उत्तर दिये गये हैं, जिन्हें क्रमश: 1, 2, 3, 4 अंकित किया गया है । अभ्यर्थी को सही उत्तर निर्दिष्ट करते हुए उनमें से केवल एक गोले अथवा बबल को उत्तर-पत्रक पर नीले बॉल प्वाइंट पेन से गहरा करना है ।
- 6. OMR उत्तर-पत्रक इस परीक्षा पुस्तिका के अन्दर रखा है । जब आपको परीक्षा पुस्तिका खोलने को कहा जाए, तो उत्तर-पत्रक निकाल कर ध्यान से केवल नीले बॉल पॉइंट पेन से विवरण भरें ।
- 7. प्रत्येक गलत उत्तर के लिए प्रश्न अंक का 1/3 भाग काटा जायेगा । गलत उत्तर से तात्पर्य अशुद्ध उत्तर अथवा किसी भी प्रश्न के एक से अधिक उत्तर से है । किसी भी प्रश्न से संबंधित गोले या बबल को खाली छोड़ना गलत उत्तर नहीं माना जायेगा ।
- 8. मोबाइल फोन अथवा इलेक्ट्रोनिक यंत्र का परीक्षा हॉल में प्रयोग पूर्णतया वर्जित है । यदि किसी अभ्यर्थी के पास ऐसी कोई वर्जित सामग्री मिलती है तो उसके विरुद्ध आयोग द्वारा नियमानुसार कार्यवाही की जायेगी ।
- कृपया अपना रोल नम्बर ओ.एम.आर. पत्रक पर सावधानीपूर्वक सही भरें । गलत अथवा अपूर्ण रोल नम्बर भरने पर 5 अंक कुल प्राप्तांकों में से काटे जा सकते हैं ।

चेतावनी: अगर कोई अभ्यर्थी नकल करते पकड़ा जाता है या उसके पास से कोई अनिधकृत सामग्री पाई जाती है, तो उस अभ्यर्थी के विरुद्ध पुलिस में प्राथमिकी दर्ज कराते हुए विविध नियमों-प्रावधानों के तहत कार्यवाही की जाएगी। साथ ही विभाग ऐसे अभ्यर्थी को भविष्य में होने वाली विभाग की समस्त परीक्षाओं से विवर्जित कर सकता है।

#### INSTRUCTIONS FOR CANDIDATES

- Answer all questions.
- 2. All questions carry equal marks.
- 3. Only one answer is to be given for each question.
- If more than one answers are marked, it would be treated as wrong answer.
- Each question has four alternative responses marked serially as 1, 2, 3, 4. You have to darken only one circle or bubble indicating the correct answer on the Answer Sheet using BLUE BALL POINT PEN.
- The OMR Answer Sheet is inside this Test Booklet. When
  you are directed to open the Test Booklet, take out the
  Answer Sheet and fill in the particulars carefully with blue
  ball point pen only.
- 7. 1/3 part of the mark(s) of each question will be deducted for each wrong answer. A wrong answer means an incorrect answer or more than one answers for any question. Leaving all the relevant circles or bubbles of any question blank will not be considered as wrong answer.
- Mobile Phone or any other electronic gadget in the examination hall is strictly prohibited. A candidate found with any of such objectionable material with him/her will be strictly dealt as per rules.
- Please correctly fill your Roll Number in O.M.R. Sheet.
   5 Marks can be deducted for filling wrong or incomplete Roll Number.

Warning: If a candidate is found copying or if any unauthorized material is found in his/her possession, F.I.R. would be lodged against him/her in the Police Station and he/she would liable to be prosecuted. Department may also debar him/her permanently from all future examinations.

इस परीक्षा पुस्तिका को तब तक न खोलें जब तक कहा न जाए । Do not open this Test Booklet until you are asked to do so.

02-0

1.	By the end of this year, I shall		modals (Q. 7-13)
	here for ten years.	7.	Visitors take off their shoes
	(1) was being working		before entering the temple.
	(2) is been working		(compulsion)
	(3) have been working		(1) may (2) might
	(4) has been working		(3) can (4) must
	(v) mas seem working		(i) mast
2.	The old man was knocked down by a bus while he the street.	8.	We be careful about what we say in public. (obligation)
	(1) crosses (2) is crossing		(1) can (2) may
	(3) was crossing (4) has crossing		(3) might (4) should
3.	No sooner their father died,	9.	This restaurant be expensive
	than the sons began to quarrel.		but the food is excellent. (strong
	(1) did (2) was		probability)
	(3) had (4) have		(1) shouldn't (2) may
		- [	(3) need (4) shall not
4.	I no news of him since he left for Udhampur.	10.	Jou come buck again with the
	(1) am being		laptop? (expression of request)
	(2) being		(1) Should (2) Need
	(3) have had		(3) Could (4) Ought
	(4) had have been		
		11.	You not talk to me in that
5.	When the Prime Minister the		indecent tone. (expression of threat)
	hall, the orchestra started playing the		(1) dare (2) ought
	National Anthem.	ĺ	(3) would (4) might
	(1) was entered		
	(2) is enter	12.	He rather die than get the tests
	(3) has been entered	1	done. (expression of preference or
	(4) entered	1	choice)
			(1) need (2) dare
5.	She music while she was in		(3) would (4) ought
	Lucknow.		
	(1) studied	13.	you speak French ?
	(2) had been studied		(expression of 'ability')
	(3) is studied		(1) Will (2) Can
	(4) was studied		(3) Would (4) Might
7			7.74

- Choose the grammatically correct sentence: (Q. 14-20)
- 14. (1) If I had been wearing my seat belt, I had escaped without injury.
  - (2) If I had been wearing my seat belt, I would have escaped without injury.
  - (3) If I had been worn my seat belt, I would have escaped without injury.
  - (4) If I wore my seat belt, I had escaped without injury.
- 15. (1) We were the first who come and last to go.
  - (2) We came the first and went in the last.
  - (3) We were the first to come and the last to go.
  - (4) We were coming first and last going.
- 16. (1) There is no use too be vindictive.
  - (2) There is no use off being vindictive.
  - (3) There is no use at being vindictive.
  - (4) There is no use in being vindictive.
- 17. (1) If he fails you are to be blame.
  - (2) In case he fails, you will be blamed.
  - (3) He fails, you are blamed.
  - (4) In case if he will fail you will blame.
- 18. (1) We didn't had anything to do.
  - (2) We does have nothing to do.
  - (3) We didn't have anything to do.
  - (4) We didn't have anything to done.

- 19. (1) Entering the room, I seen him.
  - (2) As I entered the room, I saw him.
  - (3) As I entering the room, I saw him.
  - (4) Entering the room, I am saw him.
- **20.** (1) Mankind is damaging nature on alarming rate.
  - (2) Mankind is damaging nature at an alarming rate.
  - (3) Mankind is damaged nature at alarming rate.
  - (4) Mankind is damaged nature on alarming rate.
- 21. Identify the option where the underlined word is used as a verb.
  - (1) This is her diet chart.
  - (2) What is your diet?
  - (3) She has been <u>dieting</u> for two months.
  - (4) The children seem to exist on a diet of fast-foods.
- 22. In which of the following the word 'swimming' is used as a verb?
  - (1) Swimming is good for health.
  - (2) She is swimming.
  - (3) This club has a beautiful swimming pool.
  - (4) There would be a swimming competition next week.
- 23. Identify the option where the word luxury is used as an <u>adjective</u>.
  - (1) A break from work is <u>luxury</u> for him.
  - (2) He owns a chain of <u>luxury</u> hotels.
  - (3) This is a real <u>luxury</u>.
  - (4) You are lucky to avail so much of <u>luxury</u>.

- 24. Identify the option where the word wrong is used as an Adjective.
  - (1) The expert committee has given no wrong statement.
  - (2) The expert committee should not wrong you.
  - (3) The expert committee is doing wrong.
  - (4) The expert committee is not doing wrong.
- 25. Identify the option in which the word 'right' is used as a noun.
  - (1) This is a fault that will right itself.
  - (2) He is the right man for the position.
  - (3) I ask it as a right.
  - (4) He stood right in my way.
- **26.** The meeting will be addressed by the Chairman. (Change to Active Voice)
  - (1) The Chairman will be addressing the meeting.
  - (2) Meeting addressed by Chairman.
  - (3) The Chairman will address the meeting.
  - (4) Chairman might address the meeting.
- 27. They were carrying the injured player off the field. (Change to Passive Voice)
  - (1) The injured player was carried off the field.
  - (2) The injured player was being carried off the field.
  - (3) They carried the injured player off the field.
  - (4) The injured player was carry off the field.
- **28.** Identify the option where the underlined word is used as a <u>verb</u>:
  - (1) She <u>likes</u> to dance.
  - (2) The girl has her <u>likings</u> and dislikings.
  - (3) They are girls of like tastes.
  - (4) They are girls like me.

- 29. A new public library is being built. (Change to Active Voice)
  - (1) A new public library is to be built.
  - (2) We built a new public library.
  - (3) They build a new public library.
  - (4) They are building a new public library.
- 30. Choose the correct passive sentence:
  - (1) Why didn't they mend the roof before it came down?
  - (2) Why the roof not mended before it came down?
  - (3) Why was the roof not mended before it came down?
  - (4) Why the roof not mend before it comes down?
- 31. Choose the correct active sentence:
  - (1) Students must keep this door shut.
  - (2) Students are advised to be keep this door shut.
  - (3) This door must keep shut.
  - (4) This door must be kept shut.
- 32. Change the voice of the sentence: We saw them go out.
  - (1) They had been seen to go out.
  - (2) They had being seen to went out.
  - (3) They were seen to go out.
  - (4) They have been seen to go out.
- 33. The old newspapers were thrown away by me. (Change to Active Voice)
  - (1) I throw the old newspapers away.
  - (2) The old newspapers are thrown away.
  - (3) I am throwing away the old newspapers.
  - (4) I threw away the old newspapers.

- 34. He said to me, "I expect you to attend the meeting." (Change to Indirect Speech)
  - (1) He told me that he had expected me to attend the meeting.
  - (2) He told me that he expected me to attend the meeting.
  - (3) He told that he has expected me to attend the meeting.
  - (4) He told me that he expected me to attended the meeting.
- 35. He promised them that he would do it as soon as he could. (Change to Direct Speech)
  - (1) He said to them, "I promise I will do it as soon as I can."
  - (2) He said, "I can do it as soon I can."
  - (3) He told, "I will do it as soon as I could."
  - (4) He promised, "I would do it soon."
- 36. He asked me whether I could spare some money for him. (Change to Direct Speech)
  - (1) He asked, "Could you spare some money?"
  - (2) He said, "Spare some money for me, can you?"
  - (3) He said to me, "Can you spare some money for me?"
  - (4) He told me, "Spare some money, can't you?"
- 37. His father says, "Slow and steady wins the race." (Change to Indirect Speech)
  - (1) His father called slow and steady wins the race.
  - (2) His father asked if slow and steady wins the race.
  - (3) His father says that slow and steady wins the race.
  - (4) His father exclaimed that slow and steady wins the race.

38. I worked as an extra artist before becoming a lead actor.

Choose the correct direct narration of the above sentence.

- (1) He said that he did worked as an extra artist before becoming a lead actor.
- (2) He said that he had been working as an extra artist before a lead actor.
- (3) He said that he had worked as an extra artist before becoming a lead actor.
- (4) He said that he was working as an extra artist before becoming a lead actor.
- 39. "I saw her the day before yesterday." He said. (Change to Indirect Speech)
  - (1) He said he had saw her two days before.
  - (2) He said he had seen her two days before.
  - (3) He said he has been seeing her two days before.
  - (4) He said he had seen her the day before yesterday.
- 40. He said, "Where does she work?" Choose the correct indirect narration of the above sentence.
  - (1) He asked where did she worked.
  - (2) He asked where she worked.
  - (3) He asked where did she worked.
  - (4) He asked where was she worked.

Change the degree of comparison by choosing the right option for the given sentence. (O. 41-44)

- 41. Change into comparative degree:
  Few ladies dress up as beautifully as
  Smita.
  - (1) Smita is the most beautifully dressed up.
  - (2) Smita dresses up more beautifully than most ladies.
  - (3) Smita dresses up as beautifully as other ladies.
  - (4) Few ladies dress up more than beautifully than Smita.
- 42. Change into Superlative degree:

  Very few poets of English were as great as Keats.
  - (1) Keats was one of the greatest poets of English.
  - (2) Keats was greatest than most of the poets of English.
  - (3) Keats was as great as the other poets of English.
  - (4) Keats was more greater than some of the poets.
- 43. My brother is more successful than I am. (Change to Positive degree)
  - (1) I am not as successful as my brother.
  - (2) I am as successful as my brother.
  - (3) I am not more success than my brother.
  - (4) Of us two my brother has most success.
- 44. Chennai is bigger than most Indian towns. (Change to Positive degree.)
  - (1) Chennai is a big Indian town.
  - (2) Very few Indian towns are as big as Chennai.
  - (3) No other Indian town is as big as Chennai.
  - (4) Chennai is among the big Indian towns.

45.	Find	the	appropriate	synonym	for
	'Sere	ne'.	0.00		

(1) Angry

(2) Strange

(3) Peaceful

(4) Agitated

**46.** Fill in the blank space with suitable antonym:

Wood is opaque but glass is \_\_\_\_

(1) transparent

(2) brittle

(3) smooth

(4) hard

47. From the given choices fill in the blank with a suitable antonym.

In the event of an <u>attack</u>, the country must be prepared for \_\_\_\_\_. (antonyms)

(1) surrender

(2) escape

(3) defence

(4) revolt

- 48. Which pair of words are similar in meaning?
  - (1) Lunatic mad
  - (2) Guest host
  - (3) Knowledge ignorance
  - (4) Aversion liking
- **49.** Choose the correct word to fill in the blank space:

One who believes in the existence of God is a/an .

(1) Stoic

(2) Atheist

(3) Theist

(4) Epicure

- 50. 'A person who only thinks about himself and talks only about himself' is best defined by the word:
  - (1) Selfless

(2) Egoist

(3) Dishonest

(4) Lazy

51. Identify the synonym of the word 'Vigilance'.

(1) Corruption

(2) Weird

(3) Vindictive

(4) Watchfulness

	Choose the correct option to fill in the blank space $(Q. 52 - 58)$	60.	"To make both ends meet" means:  (1) tie a rope at both points firmly.
52.	A sound that cannot be heard is		<ul><li>(2) bring two opposite things together.</li><li>(3) to meet one's day-to-day needs.</li></ul>
	(1) indelible (2) innocuous		(4) bring two contradictory ideas
	(3) invisible (4) inaudible		together.
53.	An man is sure to be successful.	61.	"Cry over spilt milk" means
	(1) industrious (2) indistrious	-	(1) to weep over advantage.
	(3) industrees (4) industreous		(2) waste time regretting something that can't be undone.
54.	The doctor the woman that her		(3) worried over future losses.
	son would recover.		(4) spend precious time in an idle
	(1) assured (2) ensured		manner.
	(3) insured (4) ensnared		
		62.	'A stitch in time saves nine' means
55.	Could you please an example to		(1) Stitching can save us
	elucidate your point?		(2) Timely action prevents greater
	(1) site (2) cite		troubles.
	(3) siet (4) sight		(3) Working is good.
			(4) Too much worrying does not
56.	Students will go on an during the holiday.		help.
	(1) excusion (2) ascursion	63.	Birds of the same feather flock
	(3) excurtion (4) excursion		together' means
			(1) Birds are lovely creatures.
57.	He is usually about his		(2) All birds have feathers.
	appearance.		(3) People are like birds.
	(1) neglectfully (2) neglect		(4) People of similar tastes come
	(3) negligent (4) negligible	ĺ	together.
		1	
58.	An infection affecting a	64.	"To cut a sorry figure" means
	disproportionately large number of		(1) a bad artist
	individuals around the world at the		(2) to create poor impression
	same time is (a/an)		(3) to cry in vain
	(1) pandemic (2) epidemic (3) endemic (4) outbreak		(4) fade away
	(3) chachine (4) outbreak	65.	'To put one's foot down' means:
50	Which among the following is		(1) to do something slowly.
59.	Which among the following is		(2) to protest, to be firm.
	correctly spelt ? (1) Ciggarete (2) Cigarate	-	(3) to work leisurely, haltingly.
	(3) Ciggarate (4) Cigarate		(4) to act in an improper manner.
	(5) Ciggarate (7) Cigarette	_	
02		7	and the second s

	phrasal verb (Q. 66-69).
66.	
	without any help.
	(1) pulled of
	(2) pulled through
	(3) pulled upper
	(4) pulled down
	a fine two estimates the com- garden field the field of the com-
67.	My friend me yesterday.
	(1) call up
	(2) called off
	(3) called in
	(4) called on
68.	I an old friend unexpectedly.
	(1) came by
	(2) came in
	(3) came across
	(4) came into
69.	He to resolve the issue.
	(1) set out
	(2) set in
	(3) set off
	(4) set un

Fill in the blank with the correct

Read the following passage and answer (Q. 70 - 74):

Men have fought wars but mankind survived. This earth has survived the two world wars, but it may not be able to survive a third one. If man continues to behave politically, as they have behaved previously mankind will perish. The forces which push men into conflicts are very deep rooted since they have characterized mankind throughout the existence. The question is: how can we control these forces and subject them sufficiently to discipline to ensure human survival?

Hatred and passions in human nature have corrupted human life throughout history and do so still. There are on the other hand in human nature, cravings for beauty, moral aspirations, love of fellow men and reverence for something greater than oneself in the universe. These creative impulses give warmth and colour to life's fabric, its richness, fullness and diversity; but suddenly some feeling overtakes us and these are suppressed and the more primitive impulses come to the surface.

Love of power and domination is like a wicked harlot that reduces men and nations and brings them down to their ruin. But unfortunately as a Cynic says, "One thing we learn from history, is that we learn nothing from it." What is wrong with the world is not 'matter', but it is the 'spirit' of man. Man is essentially a spiritual being. He is the frontier of mystery. If we rid ourselves of our lower passions and rise to our truer nature and implement this in our lives, the world will be a better place.

- 70. Which word used in the passage, means, "a person who believes that people are motivated purely by self-interest rather than acting for honourable or unselfish reasons"?
  - (1) Mankind
  - (2) Cynic
  - (3) Suppressed
  - (4) Spiritual being
- 71. Which word used in the passage is an antonym of the word 'Civilized'?
  - (1) richness
- (2) impulses
- (3) conflicts
- (4) primitive
- 72. How can we make the world a better place according to the author?
  - (1) By holding International Summits.
  - (2) By becoming scientifically developed.
  - (3) By adopting a world religion.
  - (4) By rising to our truer nature.
- 73. Which among the following is not one of the "Creative impulses" stated by the author?
  - (1) Cravings for beauty
  - (2) Moral aspirations
  - (3) Love of oneself
  - (4) The reverence for something greater than oneself.
- 74. Identify the option <u>not</u> supported by the author:
  - (1) Love of power and dominance over others is cause of ruin of nations and men.
  - (2) Man is not only a bundle of 'matter'.
  - (3) We learn from history.
  - (4) Life's fabric is colourful and diverse.

- Choose the correct English translation of the sentences (Q.75-80)
- 75. राजस्थान के थार मरुस्थलीय क्षेत्र ने अनावृष्टि के कारण अनेक भीषण अकाल व सूखा झेले हैं।
  - (1) The Thar Desert region of Rajasthan had suffered severe draft and famine due to scanty rainfall.
  - (2) The Thar Desert region of Rajasthan was suffering from severe drought and famine due to scanty rainfall.
  - (3) The Thar Desert region of Rajasthan was suffered many severe famines and droughts due to scanty rainfall.
  - (4) The Thar Desert region of Rajasthan has been suffering many severe droughts and famines due to scourge of rainfall.
- 76. आधुनिक भारतीय नारी को प्रतिदिन उसकी पारम्परिक भूमिका एवं बदलती प्रस्थिति में तालमेल बिठाने के लिए संघर्ष करना पड़ता है।
  - (1) The modern Indian woman has to struggle every day to strike a balance between her traditional status and changing role.
  - (2) The modern Indian woman has to struggle every day to strike a balance between her traditional role and changing status.
  - (3) The modern Indian woman is struggling every day to strike a balance between her modern status and changing roles.
  - (4) The modern Indian woman struggles hard to maintain a balance between her conventional status and unchanging role.

- 77. कल मौसम की भविष्यवाणी करना मुश्किल होगा।
  - (1) It will not be easy to tell the weather tomorrow.
  - (2) It will be difficult to predict the weather tomorrow.
  - (3) It will be difficult to predict the weather the next day.
  - (4) Predicting the climate tomorrow is difficult.

# 78. इस दुर्घटना के लिए कौन जिम्मेदार होगा ?

- (1) For this accident, who to blame?
- (2) Who will be responsible for this accident?
- (3) Who is to blame for this accident?
- (4) Who is guilty of this accident?

## 79. करोना वायरस के शुरुआती लक्षण क्या हैं ?

- (1) What symptoms of virus are there in Corona?
- (2) What are there in Corona virus symptoms initially?
- (3) What initially are the Corona virus symptoms of?
- (4) What are the initial symptoms of Corona virus?

## 80. किसी खबर का न होना अच्छी खबर है।

- (1) There is no news.
- (2) No news is good news.
- (3) Good news is no news.
- (4) News is always good.

- Choose the correct options: (Q. 81 84)
- 81. 'Tender' is
  - (1) a warrant letter
  - (2) an enquiry letter
  - (3) an invitation to bid
  - (4) a receipt
- **82.** What is the meaning of 'BCC' in an email?
  - (1) Best correct copy
  - (2) Best Copy's copy
  - (3) Blind carbon copy
  - (4) Best central copy
- 83. Which one of the following is the correct way of writing an email address?
  - (1) xyz@gmail.com
  - (2) XYZ@GMAIL.COM
  - (3) www.xyz@gmail.com
  - (4) xyz@Gmail.com

#### 84. Notices

- (1) do not have a heading.
- (2) do not have the name of the issuing authority.
- (3) are factual brief and to the point.
- (4) are written in a flowery language.
- **85.** Which among the following is Incorrect about 'Memorandum'?
  - (1) It is a written message in business, diplomacy or any other formal organisation.
  - (2) It can be a 'note' recording something for future.
  - (3) It can be a document recording terms of a contract or other legal details.
  - (4) It is a verbal give and take of arguments.

10		Identify the correct option, to fill in the blanks (Q. 86-100).	93	. The authorities absolved him the charges framed against him.
(1) The (2) No article (3) An (4) A  87. I have made mess of my life. (1) a (2) an (3) the (4) those  88 are called but few are chosen. (1) This (2) Many (3) No (4) One  89. There are very young students in the class. (1) this (2) what (3) several (4) which  90. I think you are talking too today. (1) more (2) such (3) some (4) much  91. The Prime Minister invited member of the cabinet to state his views on the subject. (1) neither (2) each (3) either . (4) all  92. He had shower before going to bed. (1) those (2) an (3) a (4) these  (3) to (4) into  94. Their car lost control and crash a tree. (1) on (2) into (3) at (4) with  (3) at (4) with  (3) a (4) with  (3) a (2) by (3) at (4) to  (1) in (2) of (3) with (4) at  97. His boss has accused him corruption. (1) in (2) of (3) with (4) at  98. I do not believe making fals promises. (1) at (2) by (3) of (4) in  99. This custom was prevalent th Middle Ages. (1) to (2) during (3) on (4) above  100. The whole team is hopeful winning the match. (1) in (2) out	86.	Person is difficult to		
(1) The (2) No article (3) An (4) A  87. I have made mess of my life. (1) a (2) an (3) the (4) those  88 are called but few are chosen. (1) This (2) Many (3) No (4) One  89. There are very young students in the class. (1) this (2) what (3) several (4) which  90. I think you are talking too today. (1) more (2) such (3) some (4) much  91. The Prime Minister invited member of the cabinet to state his views on the subject. (1) neither (2) each (3) either , (4) all  92. He had shower before going to bed. (1) those (2) an (3) a (4) these  93. Their car lost control and crash a tree. (1) on (2) into (3) at (4) with  94. Their car lost control and crash a tree. (1) on (2) into (3) at (4) with  95. It is an exotic resort the river (1) by (2) to (3) at (4) to (3) at (4) to  96. I'm not bad singing. (1) in (2) of (3) with (4) at  97. His boss has accused him corruption. (1) in (2) of (3) with (4) at  98. I do not believe making fals promises. (1) at (2) by (3) of (4) in  99. This custom was prevalent the Middle Ages. (1) to (2) during (3) on (4) above  100. The whole team is hopeful winning the match. (1) in (2) out		find these days.		(0)
1   94. Their car lost control and crash a tree.   (1) on (2) into (3) at (4) with (3) the (4) those   95. It is an exotic resort the river (1) by (2) to (3) among (4) during   96. I'm not bad singing. (1) in (2) by (3) at (4) to   97. His boss has accused him corruption. (1) in (2) of (3) with (4) at   98. I do not believe making fals promises. (1) neither (2) each (3) either , (4) all   99. Their car lost control and crash a tree. (1) on (2) into (3) at (4) with   95. It is an exotic resort the river (1) by (2) to (3) among (4) during   96. I'm not bad singing. (1) in (2) by (3) at (4) to   97. His boss has accused him corruption. (1) in (2) of (3) with (4) at   98. I do not believe making fals promises. (1) at (2) by (3) of (4) in   99. This custom was prevalent the Middle Ages. (1) to (2) during (3) on (4) above   99. The whole team is hopeful winning the match. (1) in (2) out   100. The whole team is hopeful winning the match.		(1) The (2) No article	1	(4) Into
87. I have made mess of my life.  (1) a (2) an (3) the (4) those  88 are called but few are chosen. (1) This (2) Many (3) No (4) One  89. There are very young students in the class. (1) this (2) what (3) several (4) which  90. I think you are talking too today. (1) more (2) such (3) some (4) much  91. The Prime Minister invited member of the cabinet to state his views on the subject. (1) neither (2) each (3) either , (4) all  92. He had shower before going to bed. (1) those (2) an (3) a (4) these  (1) on (2) into (3) at (4) with (3) at (4) with (4) with (3) at (4) with (4) with (3) at (4) with (3) at (4) with (3) at (4) with (4) with (3) at (4) with (4) with (3) at (4) with (1) by (2) to (3) among (4) during (1) in (2) of (3) at (4) during (1) in (2) by (3) at (4) to (3) among (4) during (1) in (2) of (3) with (4) at (4) to (1) in (2) of (3) with (4) at (4) to (1) in (2) of (3) with (4) at (4) to (1) in (2) of (3) with (4) in (4) to (1) in (2) of (3) at (4) to		(0)	94.	tal lost control and clashed
(1) a (2) an (3) the (4) those  88 are called but few are chosen. (1) This (2) Many (3) No (4) One  89. There are very young students in the class. (1) this (2) what (3) several (4) which  90. I think you are talking too (1) in (2) of (3) with (4) at  91. The Prime Minister invited member of the cabinet to state his views on the subject. (1) neither (2) each (3) either (4) all  92. He had shower before going to bed. (1) those (2) an (3) at (4) with  95. It is an exotic resort the river (1) by (2) to (3) among (4) during  96. I'm not bad singing. (1) in (2) by (3) at (4) to  97. His boss has accused him corruption. (1) in (2) of (3) with (4) at  98. I do not believe making fals promises. (1) at (2) by (3) of (4) in  99. This custom was prevalent the middle Ages. (1) to (2) during (3) on (4) above  100. The whole team is hopeful winning the match. (1) in (2) out	87.	I have made mess of my life		
3 the   (4) those   95. It is an exotic resort the river   (1) by (2) to (3) among (4) during   (3) No (4) One   96. I'm not bad singing.   (1) in (2) by (3) at (4) to   (3) at (4) to   (4) to   (3) several (4) which   97. His boss has accused him corruption.   (1) in (2) of (3) with (4) at   (4) at   (5) by (3) at (4) to   (6) by (6) at (7) by (7) by (8) at (7) by (8) at (7) by (9). This boss has accused him corruption.   (1) in (2) of (3) with (4) at   (4) at   (5) by (3) of (4) in   (6) by (7) by (8) at (7) by (9). This custom was prevalent the Middle Ages.   (1) to (2) during (3) on (4) above   (1) to (2) during (3) on (4) above   (1) to (2) out   (1) in (2) out   (2) by (3) of (4) in   (3) on (4) above   (4) above   (4) above   (4) above   (5) by (6) at (7) by (7) by (8) at (7) by (8) at (8) by (8) at (8) by (8) at (8) by (9). This custom was prevalent the Middle Ages.   (1) to (2) during (3) on (4) above   (4) above   (5) by (6) at (7) by (7) by (7) by (8) at (8) by (9) at (8) by (9). This custom was prevalent the Middle Ages.   (1) to (2) during (3) on (4) above   (4) at (8) by (8) at (8) by (9). This custom was prevalent the Middle Ages.   (1) to (2) during (3) on (4) above   (4) at (8) by (8) at (8) by (8) at (8) by (8) at (8) by (9). This custom was prevalent the Middle Ages.   (1) to (2) during (3) on (4) above   (4) at (8) by (8) at (8) at (8) by (9). This custom was prevalent the Middle Ages.   (1) to (2) during (3) on (4) above   (4) at (8) by (8) at (		24X		
88 are called but few are chosen.       (1) This (2) Many       (3) No (4) One       (3) among (4) during         89. There are very young students in the class.       (1) this (2) what (3) several (4) which       (4) which       (5) His boss has accused him corruption.         90. I think you are talking too today.       (1) more (2) such (3) some (4) much       (4) much       (5) His boss has accused him corruption.         91. The Prime Minister invited member of the cabinet to state his views on the subject.       (1) at (2) by         (1) neither (2) each (3) either (4) all       (3) of (4) in         92. He had shower before going to bed.       (1) those (2) an (3) a (4) these         (1) those (2) an (3) a (4) these       (1) in (2) ot         (1) in (2) ot       (3) with (4) at         (4) to       (1) in (2) of         (3) among (4) during       (4) to         (1) in (2) by       (3) with (4) at         (1) in (2) of       (3) with (4) at         (1) in (2) by       (3) of (4) in		(0)		
1		(1) those	95	It is an evotic recort
(1) This (2) Many (3) No (4) One  89. There are very young students in the class. (1) this (2) what (3) several (4) which  90. I think you are talking too today. (1) more (2) such (3) some (4) much  91. The Prime Minister invited member of the cabinet to state his views on the subject. (1) neither (2) each (3) either . (4) all  92. He had shower before going to bed. (1) those (2) an (3) among (4) during  96. I'm not bad singing. (1) in (2) by (3) at (4) to  97. His boss has accused him corruption. (1) in (2) of (3) with (4) at  98. I do not believe making false promises. (1) at (2) by (3) of (4) in  98. I do not believe making false promises. (1) at (2) by (3) of (4) in  100. The whole team is hopeful winning the match. (1) in (2) out	00		1	(1) by (2) to
(3) No (4) One  89. There are very young students in the class. (1) this (2) what (3) several (4) which  90. I think you are talking too today. (1) more (2) such (3) some (4) much  91. The Prime Minister invited member of the cabinet to state his views on the subject. (1) neither (2) each (3) either . (4) all  92. He had shower before going to bed. (1) those (2) an (3) a (4) these  96. I'm not bad singing. (1) in (2) by (3) at (4) to  97. His boss has accused him corruption. (1) in (2) of (3) with (4) at  98. I do not believe making false promises. (1) at (2) by (3) of (4) in  99. This custom was prevalent the Middle Ages. (1) to (2) during (3) on (4) above  100. The whole team is hopeful winning the match. (1) in (2) out	88.	are suited out few are emoseli.		
89. There are very young students in the class.       (1) this (2) what (3) several (4) which       (2) what (3) at (4) to         90. I think you are talking too today.       (1) more (2) such (3) some (4) much       (3) with (4) at         91. The Prime Minister invited member of the cabinet to state his views on the subject.       (1) neither (2) each (3) either (4) all       (4) all         92. He had shower before going to bed.       (1) those (2) an (3) a (4) these       (2) out         (3) a (4) these       (1) in (2) by (3) of (4) in         (1) at (2) by (3) of (4) in       (3) of (4) in         (1) to (2) during (3) on (4) above       (3) on (4) above				(3) among (4) during
1		(3) No (4) One	06	
(3) at (4) to (4) to (5) in the class.  (1) this (2) what (3) several (4) which (4) which (5) several (4) which (5) several (4) which (5) several (6) what (6) several (7) think you are talking too today.  (1) more (2) such (3) some (4) much (5) some (6) member of the cabinet to state his views on the subject.  (1) neither (2) each (3) either (4) all (5) shower before going to bed.  (1) those (2) an (3) at (4) to (3) at (4) to (4) to (5) at (4) to (7) this boss has accused him corruption.  (1) in (2) of (3) with (4) at (4) at (5) at (4) at (5) this boss has accused him corruption.  (1) in (2) of (3) with (4) at (5) at (4) at (5) this custom was provided at (6) at (7)			96.	Jinging.
1	89.	There are very young students		
97. His boss has accused him		in the class.		(3) at (4) to
97. His boss has accused him		(1) this (2) what		
1 think you are talking too today.  (1) more (2) such (3) some (4) much  98. I do not believe making false promises.  (1) at (2) by (3) of (4) in  1 think you are talking too making false promises.  (1) at (2) by (3) of (4) in  1 think you are talking too making false promises.  (1) at (2) by (3) of (4) in  1 think you are talking too making false promises.  (1) at (2) by (3) of (4) in  1 think you are talking too making false promises.  (1) at (2) by (3) of (4) in  1 think you are talking too making false promises.  (1) at (2) by (3) of (4) in  1 think you are talking too making false promises.  (1) at (2) by (3) of (4) in  1 think you are talking too making false promises.  (1) at (2) by (3) of (4) in  1 think you are talking too making false promises.  (1) at (2) by (3) of (4) in  1 think you are talking too making false promises.  (1) at (2) by (3) of (4) in  1 think you are talking too making false promises.  (1) at (2) by (3) of (4) in  1 think you are talking too making false promises.  (1) at (2) by (3) of (4) in  1 think you are talking too making false promises.  (1) at (2) by (3) of (4) in  1 think you are talking too making false promises.  (1) at (2) by (3) of (4) in  1 think you are talking too making false promises.  (1) at (2) by (3) of (4) in  1 think you are talking too making false promises.  (1) at (2) by (3) of (4) in  1 think you are talking too making false promises.  (1) at (2) by (3) of (4) in  1 think you are talking too making false promises.  (1) at (2) by (3) of (4) in  1 think you are talking too making false promises.  (1) at (2) by (3) of (4) in  1 think you are talking too making false promises.  (1) at (2) by (3) of (4) in  1 think you are talking too making false promises.  (1) at (2) by (3) of (4) in  1 think you are talking too making false promises.			97.	accused iiiii
1	00	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *		(1) in (2) of
(3) some (4) much  98. I do not believe making false promises.  (1) at (2) by  (3) of (4) in  (1) neither (2) each (3) either (4) all  99. This custom was prevalent the Middle Ages.  (1) to (2) during (3) on (4) above  92. He had shower before going to bed.  (1) those (2) an (3) a (4) these  (1) in (2) out	90.	today.		(3) with (4) at
91. The Prime Minister invited member of the cabinet to state his views on the subject.  (1) neither (2) each (3) either . (4) all  92. He had shower before going to bed.  (1) those (2) an (3) a (4) these  promises.  (1) at (2) by  (3) of (4) in  99. This custom was prevalent the Middle Ages.  (1) to (2) during (3) on (4) above  100. The whole team is hopeful winning the match.  (1) in (2) out		(1) more (2) such	90	I do not believe
91. The Prime Minister invited member of the cabinet to state his views on the subject.  (1) neither (2) each (3) either (4) all  92. He had shower before going to bed.  (1) those (2) an (3) of (4) in  99. This custom was prevalent the Middle Ages.  (1) to (2) during (3) on (4) above  100. The whole team is hopeful winning the match.  (1) in (2) out		(3) some (4) much	20.	promises.
member of the cabinet to state his views on the subject.  (1) neither (2) each (3) either , (4) all  99. This custom was prevalent th Middle Ages.  (1) to (2) during (3) on (4) above  92. He had shower before going to bed.  (1) those (2) an (3) a (4) these  (1) in (2) out				
(1) neither (2) each (3) either (4) all  99. This custom was prevalent th Middle Ages. (1) to (2) during (3) on (4) above  92. He had shower before going to bed. (1) those (2) an (3) a (4) these (1) in (2) out	91.	member of the cabinet to state his		(3) of (4) in
(3) either , (4) all (1) to (2) during (3) on (4) above (4) above (5) an (1) those (2) an (1) in (2) out		(1) neither (2) each	99.	the
92. He had shower before going to bed.  (1) those (2) an (2) out  (3) on (4) above 100. The whole team is hopeful winning the match.  (1) in (2) out	¥):	(3) either , (4) all		7.63
92. He had shower before going to bed.  (1) those (2) an winning the match.  (3) a (4) these (1) in (2) out	0 = =			And the property of the proper
(1) those (2) an winning the match. (3) a (4) these (1) in (2) out	92.	He had shower before going to bed.	100.	
(3) a (4) these (1) in (2) out		(1) those (2) an		
		(0)		(1) in (2) out
			1	(3) of (4) into

# रफ कार्य के लिए स्थान / SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK