A.C.f. & F.R.O. - 2018

पस्तिका में पुष्टों की संख्या Number of Pages in Booklet: 12

पुस्तिका में प्रश्नों की संख्या No. of Questions in Booklet: 120

Paper Code: 11

Sub: Veterinary Science

समय: 3.00 घण्टे Time: 3.00 Hours प्रश्न-पत्र पुस्तिका संख्या /

Question Paper Booklet No.

Gram Date :- 22.02.21

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FCA-12

Paper-III

अधिकतम अंक: 200

Maximum Marks: 200

प्रश्न-पत्र पुस्तिका एवं उत्तर पत्रक के पेपर सील/पॉलिथीन बैग को खोलने पर परीक्षार्थी यह सुनिश्चित कर लें कि उसके प्रश्न-पत्र पुस्तिका पर वही प्रश्न-पत्र पुस्तिका संख्या अंकित है जो उत्तर पत्रक पर अंकित है । इसमें कोई भिन्नता हो तो परीक्षार्थी वीक्षक से दूसरा प्रश्न-पत्र प्राप्त कर लें । ऐसा सुनिश्चित करने की जिम्मेदारी अध्यर्थी की होगी ।

On opening the paper seal/polythene bag of the Question Paper Booklet the candidate should ensure that Question Paper Booklet No. of the Question Paper Booklet and Answer Sheet must be same. If there is any difference, candidate must obtain another Question Paper Booklet from Invigilator. Candidate himself shall be responsible for ensuring this.

परीक्षार्थियों के लिए निर्देश

- 1. सभी प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए ।
- 2. सभी प्रश्नों के अंक समान हैं।
- 3. प्रत्येक प्रश्न का केवल एक ही उत्तर दीजिए ।
- एक से अधिक उत्तर देने की दशा में प्रश्न के उत्तर को गलत माना जाएगा ।
- 5. प्रत्येक प्रश्न के चार वैकल्पिक उत्तर दिये गये हैं, जिन्हें क्रमश: 1, 2, 3, 4 अंकित किया गया है । अभ्यर्थी को सही उत्तर निर्दिष्ट करते हुए उनमें से केवल एक गोले अथवा बबल को उत्तर पत्रक पर नीले बॉल प्वाइंट पेन से गहरा करना है ।
- OMR उत्तर पत्रक इस परीक्षा पुस्तिका के अन्दर रखा है । जब आपको परीक्षा पुस्तिका खोलने को कहा जाए, तो उत्तर-पत्रक निकाल कर ध्यान से केवल नीले बॉल पॉइंट पेन से विवरण भरें ।
- 7. प्रत्येक गलत उत्तर के लिए प्रश्न अंक का 1/3 भाग काटा जायेगा । गलत उत्तर से तात्पर्य अशुद्ध उत्तर अथवा किसी भी प्रश्न के एक से अधिक उत्तर से है । किसी भी प्रश्न से संबंधित गोले या बबल को खाली छोड़ना गलत उत्तर नहीं माना जायेगा ।
- 8. मोबाइल फोन अथवा इलेक्ट्रोनिक यंत्र का परीक्षा हॉल में प्रयोग पूर्णतया वर्जित है । यदि किसी अभ्यर्थी के पास ऐसी कोई वर्जित सामग्री मिलती है तो उसके विरुद्ध आयोग द्वारा नियमानुसार कार्यवाही की
- 9. कृपया अपना रोल नम्बर ओ.एम.आर. पत्रक पर सावधानीपूर्वक सही भरें । गलत अथवा अपूर्ण रोल नम्बर भरने पर 5 अंक कुल प्राप्तांकों में से काटे जा सकते हैं।

चेतावनी: अगर कोई अभ्यर्थी नकल करते पकड़ा जाता है या उसके पास से कोई अनिधकृत सामग्री पाई जाती है, तो उस अध्यर्थी के विरुद्ध पुलिस में प्राथमिकी दर्ज कराते हुए विविध नियमों-प्रावधानों के तहत कार्यवाही की जाएगी । साथ ही विभाग ऐसे अभ्यर्थी को भविष्य में होने वाली विभाग की समस्त परीक्षाओं से विवर्जित कर सकता है ।

INSTRUCTIONS FOR CANDIDATES

- 1. Answer all questions.
- 2. All questions carry equal marks.
- 3. Only one answer is to be given for each question.
- 4. If more than one answers are marked, it would be treated as
- 5. Each question has four alternative responses marked serially as 1, 2, 3, 4. You have to darken only one circle or bubble indicating the correct answer on the Answer Sheet using BLUE BALL POINT PEN.
- The OMR Answer Sheet is inside this Test Booklet. When you are directed to open the Test Booklet, take out the Answer Sheet and fill in the particulars carefully with blue ball point pen only.
- 1/3 part of the mark(s) of each question will be deducted for each wrong answer. A wrong answer means an incorrect answer or more than one answers for any question. Leaving all the relevant circles or bubbles of any question blank will not be considered as wrong answer.
- Mobile Phone or any other electronic gadget in the examination hall is strictly prohibited. A candidate found with any of such objectionable material with him/her will be strictly dealt as per rules.
- Please correctly fill your Roll Number in O.M.R. Sheet. 5 Marks can be deducted for filling wrong or incomplete Roll Number.

Warning: If a candidate is found copying or if any unauthorized material is found in his/her possession, F.I.R. would be lodged against him/her in the Police Station and he/she would liable to be prosecuted. Department may also debar him/her permanently from all future examinations.

इस परीक्षा पुस्तिका को तब तक न खोलें जब तक कहा न जाए । Do not open this Test Booklet until you are asked to do so.

11-0

7. For the first week the proper brooding 1. temperature in the artificial brooder should be (2) 35 °C (1) 38 °C (4) 24 °C (3) 30 °C Mutations are usually 2. (2) Co-dominant (1) Incomplete (4) Recessive (3) Dominant Which of the following factor does not 3. affect the rate of genetic improvement from selection? (1) Accuracy of selection (2) Intensity of selection (3) Genotypic standard deviation (4) Phenotypic standard deviation Which one of the following pair is 4. mismatched? A buffalo breed (1) Ellichpuri (2) Bhakarwal - A goat breed - A Sheep breed (3) Gurej A Pig breed (4) Ghori Who coined the word 'genetics'? 5. (1) William Bateson (2) Hugo De Vries (3) Gregor John Mendel (4) W.L. Johannsen Which one of the following term is not 6. the cause of genetic correlation? (2) Linkage (1) Pleiotropy

(3) Homozygosity (4) Heterozygosity

- Match list-I with list-II and choose the correct answer: List-II List-I Test crossing (i) Cross between pure and exotic cross-breed individual Backward B. Cross (ii) crossing between an unknown and fully recessive individual Forward Cross of a C. (iii) crossing hybrid with one of the parental type Back D. Cross (iv) Crossing between native and cross-bred individual Codes: (iii) (iv) (i) (ii) D C (1) A B C A D (2) B D B (3) C A B A (4) D C Which of the following statement is 8. false about economically important trait of Livestock? (1) These traits have distinct classes. (2) These are influenced by environment. (3) These traits can be measured. (4) These traits are governed by large number of genes.
- The average age of parent when their offspring is born is called
 - (1) Service period
 - (2) Calving interval
 - (3) Generation interval
 - (4) Postpartum period

- **10.** Which variation is found in qualitative traits?
 - (1) Discrete variation
 - (2) Continuous variation
 - (3) Both Discrete and Continuous variation
 - (4) None of these
- When one gene can produce many effects or responsible for many traits is called
 - (1) Multiple genes
 - (2) Multiple alleles
 - (3) Pleiotropism
 - (4) Epistasis
- 12. Cotton seed is known to contain which one of the following anti nutritional factor?
 - (1) Oxalic acid
- (2) Mimosine
- (3) Gossypol
- (4) Glucosinolates
- 13. As per BIS specifications minimum crude protein content in "Type-I" cattle feed should be
 - (1) 22%
- (2) 18%
- (3) 20%
- (4) 16%
- 14. As per BIS specifications Calorie Protein Ratio in Broiler finisher ration must be
 - (1) 105
- (2) 115
- (3) 125
- (4) 145
- 15. Poultry diet containing less than 3 per cent crude fibre may lead to the problem of
 - (1) Cannibalism and Feather picking
 - (2) Crazy chick disease
 - (3) Fatty liver

(4) Renal failure

- 16. Which one of the following Micro organisms is used as Probiotic in feeding of Ruminant Animals?
 - (1) Aspergillus flavus
 - (2) Sacchromyces cerevisiae
 - (3) Staphyllococcus aurius
 - (4) Clostridium botulinum
- 17. Which one of the following is "Digestible Nutrient Type" feeding standard?
 - (1) Morrison standard
 - (2) Hay standard
 - (3) ARC standard
 - (4) Kellener standard
- 18. Curled toe paralysis in chicken is due to deficiency of
 - (1) Vitamin B12
- (2) Vitamin B1
- (3) Niacin
- (4) Vitamin B2
- 19. In the last trimester of pregnancy in cattle an additional amount of DCP and TDN should be provided
 - (1) 90 130 g DCP and 1 1.1 kg TDN
 - (2) 90 130 g DCP and 1.8 2.5 kg TDN
 - (3) 190 230 g DCP and 1.5 1.8 kg TDN
 - (4) 130 150 g DCP and 1.5 1.8 kg TDN
- **20.** The level of crude fibre in creep ration should be
 - (1) 5%
- (2) 10%
- (3) 15%
- (4) 20%
- 21. Conversion of beta carotene to Vitamin A in cattle is
 - (1) 100%
- (2) 30%
- (3) 24%
- (4) 33%

- Wooden tongue is caused by which of 22. the following?
 - (1) Actinomyces bovis
 - (2) Nocardia asteroides
 - (3) Actinobacillus lignieresii
 - (4) Pasteurella canis
- Mast cells are derived from 23.
 - (1) Thymus
- (2) Bone marrow
- (3) Lymphnodes (4) Spleen
- Ergotism is caused due to mycotoxins 24. produced by
 - (1) Blastomyces dermatitidis
 - (2) Aspergillus flavus
 - (3) Amanita verna
 - (4) Claviceps purpurea
- Slide culture technique is used for 25. demonstration of
 - (1) Bacteria
- (2) Mycoplasma
- (3) Fungi

- (4) Virus
- 26. Which pair of molecules are opsonins?
 - (1) IgG and C5a
- (2) IgG and C3b
- (3) IgG and IgE
- (4) IgG and C5b
- How does the oncogene of bovine 27. papilloma virus act?
 - (1) They act as tumor suppressor gene.
 - (2) They code for early viral proteins malignant to leading transformation.
 - (3) They function identical to cellular oncogenes.
 - (4) They kill the infected cell when upregulated.

- Sporangiospores are formed only by 28. fungi of
 - (1) Basidiomycetes
 - (2) Ascomycetes
 - (3) Zygomycetes
 - (4) Deuteromycetes
- Growth in presence of thionin and 29. basic fuchsin are characters of:
 - (1) Brucella melitensis
 - (2) Brucella suis
 - (3) Brucella ovis
 - (4) Brucella abortus
- The acquisition of DNA molecule by 30. bacterial cells from environment is called:
 - (1) Transformation (2) Transduction
 - (3) Conjugation
- (4) Translution
- Bacteria that grow at 50-55 °C are 31. known as:
 - (1) Psychrophiles (2) Mesophiles
 - (3) Thermophiles (4) Halophiles
- Bollinger bodies are intracytoplasmic 32. inclusion bodies seen in
 - (1) Fowl pox
 - (2) Canine distemper
 - (3) Rabies
 - (4) Infectious canine hepatitis
- A condition in which organs fail to 33. develop to their full normal size is known as
 - (1) Aplasia
- (2) Agenesis
- (3) Hypoplasia
- (4) Atrophy

- The term that refers to the percentage of packed erythrocytes per volume of blood is the:
 - (1) Differential Count
 - (2) Hemoglobin
 - (3) Hematocrit
 - (4) Hemopoiesis
- The other name for Monday morning 35. disease is
 - (1) White muscle disease
 - (2) Synovitis
 - (3) Navicular disease
 - (4) Azoturia
- An inter-cellular edema of the 36. epidermis is called as
 - (1) Vesicle
- (2) Spongiosis
- (3) Papule
- (4) Wheal
- centrilobular spread 37. Wide panlobular hepatic necrosis found in:
 - (1) FMD
 - (2) Rabies
 - (3) Rubarth's disease
 - (4) Canine distemper
- The species which is resistant to 38. tetanus is:
 - (1) Cattle
- (2) Horse
- (3) Poultry
- (4) Mule
- Inflammation of vein is called 39.
 - (1) Glossitis
- (2) Phlebitis
- (3) Gingivitis
- (4) Colitis
- Reduced supply of arterial blood to an 40. organ or tissue is known as
 - (1) Infarction
- (2) Ischemia
- (3) Thrombosis
- (4) Embolism

- animals Ruminants 41. In postmortem the carcasses should be placed in which position?
 - (1) Left Lateral recumbency
 - (2) Right Lateral recumbency
 - (3) Dorsal recumbency
 - (4) Ventral recumbency
- Trichostrongylus for hosts The 42. calcaratus are
 - (1) Sheep and goat
 - (2) Horse and Pig
 - (3) Rabbit and Hare
 - (4) Camel and Dog
- parasites "Eve worms" are 43. conjunctival sac and lacrimal duct and belong to family
 - (1) Spiruridae
 - (2) Thelazidae
 - (3) Gongylonematidae
 - (4) Tetrameridae
- The common name for disease caused 44. Trypanosoma evansi is
 - (1) Red nose
 - (2) Three day sickness
 - (3) Surra
 - (4) White scours
- The predilection site for Demodex 45. bovis is
 - (1) Hair follicle and sebaceous gland
 - (2) Skin
 - (3) Nasal cavity
 - (4) Hepatic veins
- Tetrathyridium is formed in the life 46. cycle of
 - (1) Moniezia expansa
 - (2) Avitellina centripunctata

- (3) Cotugnia digonopora
- (4) None of these

- 47. Allergic dermatitis in cattle is caused by microfilariae of
 - (1) Onchocerca cervicalis
 - (2) Seteria cervi
 - (3) Stephanofilaria zaheeri
 - (4) None of these
- East cost fever in cattle is caused by 48.
 - (1) Theleria
- (2) Babesia
- (3) Trypanosoma (4) None of these
- Echinococcus granulosus found in 49.
 - (1) Small intestine of dog
 - (2) Small intestine of goat
 - (3) Stomach of dog
 - (4) Large intestine of man
- Indian liver fluke is which of the 50. following?
 - (1) Prosthogonimum species
 - (2) Paramphistomes species
 - (3) Fasciola hepatica
 - (4) Fasciola gigantica
- Flame cell is excretory system of 51. which of the following?
 - (1) Trematodes
 - (2) Cestodes
 - (3) Nematodes
 - (4) Acanthocephala
- Study of drugs which selectively 52. inhibit or destroy specific agents of disease such as bacteria, viruses, fungi and parasites.
 - (1) Medicinal chemistry
 - (2) Chemotherapy
 - (3) Pharmacy

(4) Clinical Pharmacology

- Mode of action of verapamil is 53.
 - (1) Calcium Channel blocker
 - (2) Anticholinesterase
 - (3) Histamine receptor antagonists
 - (4) Inhibitor of bacterial cell wall synthesis
- Which is not sympatomimetic class of 54. drug from following?
 - (1) Epinephrine
 - (2) Norepinephrine
 - (3) Neostigmine
 - (4) Isoprenaline
- Which is not a third generation 55. cephalosporine from following?
 - (1) Cefpodoxime (2) Cefovecin
 - (3) Cefoperazone (4) Cefepime
- Amprolium is used for the prevention 56. and treatment of which disease in Poultry and Cattle?
 - (1) Liver flukes
- (2) Lung flukes
- (3) Coccidiosis
- (4) Ascariasis
- Drug of choice for treatment and 57. all forms prophylaxis of Theileriosis in cattle
 - (1) Diminazine aceturate
 - (2) Buparvaquone
 - (3) Quinapyramine
 - (4) Isometmedium
- Cartilage deformities and chondro-58. destruction in young animals is caused by which of the below antibiotic?
 - (1) Enrofloxacin
 - (2) Oxytetracycline
 - (3) Cefotaxime
 - (4) Nitrofurans

- **59.** Which penicillin is effective against Pseudomonas aeruginosa?
 - (1) Ampicillin
- (2) Amoxicillin
- (3) Methicillin
- (4) Carbenicillin
- **60.** Which anthelmintic agent has highly selective effect against microfilarial parasite?
 - (1) Fenbendazole
 - (2) Pyrantal pamoate
 - (3) Diethylcarbamazine
 - (4) Cunic mixture
- **61.** The treatment of cyanide poisoning involves combination of
 - (1) Sodium nitrate and sodium sulfate
 - (2) Calcium EDTA and sodium bicarbonate
 - (3) Sodium thiosulfate and hydroxycobalamine
 - (4) Sodium sulfate and sodium nitrite
- **62.** Identify the disease which is not a zoonotic infection that can be transmitted from dogs:
 - (1) Toxocariasis
 - (2) Cheyletiella mites
 - (3) Sarcoptic mange
 - (4) Hepatitis
- 63. Operation Flood III was launched during
 - (1) 1986
- (2) 1990
- (3) 1992
- (4) 1980
- **64.** Insecticides of group that constitute the principal health hazard to consumers of milk and milk products?
 - (1) Organic sulphates
 - (2) Organic phosphates
 - (3) Chlorinated hydrocarbons
 - (4) Activated chlorinate

- **65.** The following acid producing bacteria convert lactose into lactic acid in milk
 - (1) Streptococcus cremoris
 - (2) Staphylococcus aureus
 - (3) Bacillus cereus
 - (4) Clostridium botulinum
- **66.** In which disease post mortem of carcass in prohibited?
 - (1) Haemorragic septicemia
 - (2) Rinder pest
 - (3) Anthrax
 - (4) Brucellosis
- 67. The most effective chemical disinfectant to kill FMD virus is:
 - (1) 2% formalin
 - (2) 70% alcohol
 - (3) 2% Sodium hydroxide
 - (4) 0.5% phenol
- 68. The primary goal of public health is to
 - (1) Protect the uninfected
 - (2) Protect the infected
 - (3) Protect the identity of those who have died from an infectious disease
 - (4) Protect the population
- **69.** Example of sylvatic zoonosis is:
 - (1) Rabies
- (2) Tuberculosis
- (3) Anthrax
- (4) Swine fever
- 70. In modern smoke house, we can control
 - (1) Temperature
- (2) Moisture
- (3) Air
- (4) Flavour
- 71. Immediate test to judge the quality of milk
 - (1) Electro impedance method
 - (2) Alcohol test
 - (3) Organoleptic tests
 - (4) Sediment test

- Magnetic Resonance Imaging and is 72. based on magnetic resonance of hydrogen protons. Especially minor contrast deviations in the body can be imaged. Thus MRI is especially useful for imaging of
 - (1) Bones
- (2) Skin
- (3) Soft tissues
- (4) Fluids
- Which of the following is commonly 73. used for infiltration and epidural anesthesia in cattle?
 - (1) Proparacaine
 - (2) Lidocaine
 - (3) Pentobarbital
 - (4) Sodium pentothal
- An easy and safe suture pattern suitable for intestinal anastomosis.
 - (1) Gambee suture
 - (2) Halstead suture
 - (3) Cross mattress suture
 - (4) Interrupted inverted mattress suture
- Chromic catgut is made up of: 75.
 - (1) Cat gut
- (2) Sheep gut
- (3) Kangaroo gut (4) Dog gut
- Atropine as a premedication before 76. anesthesia will cause:
 - (1) Sedation and analgesia
 - (2) Bronchodilation and bradycardia
 - (3) Vagal inhibition and decreased gastric secretion
 - (4) Miosis and decreased respiration
- 77. Degree of CNS depression in which patient is awake but calf and free from nervousness is
 - (1) Hypnosis
- (2) Sedation
- (3) Analgesia
- (4) Narcosis

- Drug used to antagonise the sedative 78. effect of xylagine in cattle is
 - (1) Yohimbin and 4-amino pyridine
 - (2) Defomidine
 - (3) Atropine sulphate
 - (4) Neostigmine
- Avian influenza can affect human 79. beings and has caused wide infections at some places. The only two influenza A virus subtypes currently in general circulation among people are
 - (1) H1N1 and H3N2
 - (2) H3N2 and H7N2
 - (3) H1N1 and H5N1
 - (4) H7N7 and H3N8
 - Necrotic laryngitis (Calf Diphtheria) is 80. clinically evident progressive as inspiratory dyspnea, low grade fever and cough after attempts to drink or eat. The causative organism for this disease is
 - (1) Salmonella typhimurium
 - (2) Bacillus cereus
 - (3) Corynebacterium diphtheria
 - (4) Fusobacterium necrophorum
 - Vaccination can be done for one 81. neoplastic disease of birds. The disease is
 - (1) Infectious bursal disease
 - (2) Fowl cholera
 - (3) New castle disease
 - (4) Mareks disease

- 82. Colic in horses is of many types including spasmodic, impactive and due to strangulation/torsion of the gastrointestinal tract. The appropriate and immediate therapy would require
 - (1) Immediate surgery
 - (2) Administration of medical therapy including fluids, antispasmodics, and ranitidine
 - (3) Administration of antibiotics and anti-inflammatory drugs
 - (4) Administration of neostigmine and antihistaminic
- 83. Bestiality means a human being having sex with an animal. This is punishable under Act of the government of India. This is covered under which section of the Indian Penal Code?
 - (1) Section 277
- (2) Section 377
- (3) Section 117
- (4) Section 317
- **84.** Surra (Trypanosomiasis) in camels is characterized by which of the following sets of etiological agent and clinical signs?
 - (1) Trypanosoma equiperdum, constipation, respiratory distress and skin eruptions
 - (2) Trypanosoma caballi, continuous fever and diarrhea.
 - (3) Trypanosoma babesii, low body temperature and pneumonia
 - (4) Trypanosoma evansi, intermittent fever, progressive anemia, loss of body weight
- **85.** Antidote of Organophosphorus insecticide poisoning is
 - (1) Atropine sulphate
 - (2) 5% Acetic acid
 - (3) Sodium thiosulphate
 - (4) Methylene blue

- 86. Toxoplasma gondii, a protozoa may infect all domestic animals but it is a common and serious cause of abortion only in
 - (1) Bitches
- (2) Mares
- (3) Cattle
- (4) Sheep
- 87. The bulbourethral glands are absent in the
 - (1) Boar
- (2) Stallion
- (3) Buffalo bull
- (4) Dog
- **88.** Thawing 2-3 ml cattle semen straw should be accomplished in a:
 - (1) 37°C water bath for 45 sec.
 - (2) 45°C water bath for 45 sec.
 - (3) 37°C water bath for 20 sec.
 - (4) 45°C water bath for 20 sec.
- 89. Flehman Reaction is absent in
 - (1) Sheep
- (2) Goat
- (3) Cattle
- (4) Pigs

- **90.** Mechanism of communication between the ovaries and hypthalamopituitary axis is called as
 - (1) Hormonal imbalance
 - (2) Feed back loop
 - (3) Fundamentalism
 - (4) Flehmen response
- **91.** Abnormality in which one testis or both testes fail to descend from the abdominal cavity into the scrotam is:
 - (1) Hypoplesia
 - (2) Aplasia
 - (3) Cryptorchism
 - (4) Vericocele

		1 1	100. All of the lymph is ultimately carried
		st bone in the body	into the venous system by
of ho	orse?	SV	(1) Thoracic Duct and right
(1)	Humerus	(2) Radius	lymphatic duct
	Femur	(4) Tibia	the same of the sample of the
(-)		1 1 1 of onimal	
	gest muscle in	the body of animal	duct (3) Right lymphatic duct only
is:			(3) Right lymphatic duct only
(1)	Longissimus c		(4) Left lymphatic duct only
(2)	Longissimus d	lorsi	101. Oxytocin is a hormone secreted by
(3)	Common digit		101. Oxytociii is a normone seesee
(4)	Brachiocephal	licus	cells of the
0.1 T	1:-1 of the fo	following species the	(1) pars distalis
94. In	moid flexure is	absent ?	(2) pars intermedia
		(2) Boar	(3) pars nervosa
	Buffalo bull		(4) pars tuberalis
(3)	Buck	(4) Stallion	and the same is more used by
95. Th	e hippocampus	s is situated in which	102. Blood pressure is measured by
part of brain?			(1) Electrocardiogram
(1) Autonomic nervous system			(2) Stethoscope (3) Clinical thermometer
	Limbic system		
) Central nervo		(4) Sphygmomanometer
) Peripheral ne		103. Deoxygenated blood is carried in
		100	(1) Pulmonary artery
96. W	hich is the tra	ensparent structure of	
	orous tunic of e		(2) Pulmonary vein (3) Carotid artery
(1) Choroid	(2) Cornea	
(3	3) Retinae	(4) Sclera	(4) Aorta
97. In	which of the	following organs the	104. The pons, medulla and cerebellum
97. II	lassal's corpusc	eles are present?	together form the :
	1) Lymph node		(1) forebrain
	3) Spleen	(4) Thymus	(2) midbrain
-3.	1250 000	00 * 0 0 0 * 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	(3) hindbrain
98. T	he digastricus	muscle is absent in	(4) cerebral hemispheres
(1) Pig	(2) Dog	
(3) Cattle	(4) Horse	105. The first step of Heme synthesis takes
00 I	First branch from	m the thoracic aorta	place in the :
99. First branch from the thoracle aorta (1) Coronary artery			(1) Mitochondria
		ohalic trunk	(2) Golgi apparatus
	(2) Brachiocep	orachiocephalic trunk	(3) Rough endoplasmic reticulum
			(4) Peroxisomes
	(4) Left brachi	iai ariery	NSZ S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S

106.	produces the crequired to digest the	t in the rumen cellulase enzymes he:	114. A zoo can be categorised as "Medium Zoo" when number of species exhibited are		
	(1) Lipids	(2) Proteins	$(1) 20 - 45 \qquad (2) 50 - 75$		
	(3) Cellulose	(4) Starch	(3) 10-15 (4) 0-5		
107.	What do Leydig ce (1) Testosterone (2) Androgen bind (3) Oestrogen (4) Progestron		115. Indian Wildlife Protection Act was formed in which of the following years? (1) 1993 (2) 1995 (3) 1978 (4) 1972		
108. Invert sugar is			116. Nanda Devi National Park is situated		
100.	(1) Lactose		in which of the following states?		
	(2) Sucrose		(1) Assam (2) Rajasthan		
	(3) Hydrolytic pro	oducts of sucrose	(3) Uttarakhand (4) Bihar		
	(4) Fructose	oddels of sacrose	117 The minimum day metter content in		
	(.)		117. The minimum dry matter content in good quality "Hay" is		
109.	Sulphur containing	amino acid is	(1) 60 – 65% (2) 70 – 75%		
	(1) Methionine	(2) Leucine	(3) 85 – 90% (4) 15 – 20%		
	(3) Valine	(4) Asparagine			
110.	Tocopherols preve	nt the oxidation of	118. Which one of the following grasses is commonly grown in the postures of		
	(1) Vitamin A	(2) Vitamin D	Arid Zone?		
	(3) Vitamin K	(4) Vitamin C	(1) Chloris gayana		
			(2) <u>Euchlaema schrad</u>		
111.		base present in the	(3) Pennisetum pedicellatum		
	RNA molecule is		(4) Lasiurus scindicus		
	(1) Thymine	(2) Uracil			
	(3) Xanthine	(4) Hypoxanthine	119. Which breed of Sheep in Rajasthan is		
112. Act of mating in sheep known as			known as Merino of Rajasthan?		
	(1) Tupping	(2) Serving	(1) Chokla (2) Magra		
	(3) Covering	(4) Coupling	(3) Marwari (4) Sonadi		
112	Williah - C	dia Callander !	120. Bull nose ring is inserted for the first		
113.	leguminous Fodde	the following is	time in calver at the age of		
	reguiimous rodde	r crop :	1		

(1) Oat

(3) Cowpea

(2) Maize

(4) Barley

(1) 3 months

(3) 12 months

(2) 6 months

(4) 18 months

रफ कार्य के लिए स्थान / SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK