

HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE FOR RAJASTHAN AT JODHPUR

D.B. Spl. Appl. Writ No. 198 / 2018

1. Piyush Kaviya S/o Shri Gaje Singh Kaviraj, Aged About 30 Years, Resident of Nokh, Post Chawandia, Tehsil Raipur, District Pali. At Present 281, Hanwant-A, BJS Colony, Jodhpur.



2. Masingaram S/o Shri Amolakh Chand, Aged About 33 Years, Resident of Village Dedusar, Tehsil Chohtan, District Barmer, At Present 64, Sagar Nagar, Palship Gram, Jodhpur.

3. Hari Singh S/o Shri Juth Singh, Aged About 29 Years, Resident of Village Lakhawas, Tehsil Raniwara, District Jalore.

----Appellants

Versus

1. The Rajasthan Public Service Commission Through Its Secretary, Gugra Ghati, Jaipur Road, Ajmer.

2. The Secretary, Rajasthan Public Service Commission, Jaipur Road, Ajmer.

3. Sajjan Singh S/o Shri Khangar Singh Rathore, Resident of 56, Hanumant B, BJS Colony, District Jodhpur, Rajasthan.

----Respondents

Connected With

D.B. Spl. Appl. Writ No. 209 / 2018

1. Piyush Kaviya S/o Shri Gaje Singh Kaviraj, Aged About 30 Years, Resident of Nokh, Post Chawandia, Tehsil Raipur, District Pali. At Present 281, Hanwant-A, BJS Colony, Jodhpur.

2. Masingaram S/o Shri Amolakh Chand, Aged About 33 Years, Resident of Village Dedusar, Tehsil Chohtan, District Barmer, At Present 64, Sagar Nagar, Palship Gram, Jodhpur.

3. Hari Singh S/o Shri Juth Singh, Aged About 29 Years, Resident of Village Lakhawas, Tehsil Raniwara, District Jalore.

----Appellants

Versus

1. The Rajasthan Public Service Commission Through Its Secretary, Gugra Ghati, Jaipur Road, Ajmer.

2. The Secretary, Rajasthan Public Service Commission, Jaipur Road, Ajmer.

3. Pushpendra Singh Rajawat S/o Shri Suryaveer Singh Rajawat, Resident of VPO Khera Kachhawasa, Vaya Damri, Tehsil & District Dungarpur, Rajasthan.

(2 of 13)

----Respondents

D.B. Spl. Appl. Writ No. 593 / 2018

The Rajasthan Public Service Commission Through Its Secretary, Gugra Ghati, Jaipur Road, Ajmer.

---Appellant

Versus

1. Birda Ram Bishnoi S/o Bagroo Ram Bishnoi, Aged About 40 Years, By Caste Bishnoi, R/o Simrathal, Sodha Dara, Tehsil Bap, Dist Jodhpur, Rajasthan.

2. The State of Rajasthan, Through the Secretary, Department of Personnel, Govt. of Rajasthan, Jaipur;.

----Respondents

D.B. Spl. Appl. Writ No. 594 / 2018

1. The Rajasthan Public Service Commission Through Its Secretary, Gugra Ghati, Jaipur Road, Ajmer.

2. The Secretary, Rajasthan Public Service Secretary, Jaipur Road, Ajmer.

----Appellants

Sajjan Singh S/o Khangar Singh, Aged About 33 Years, R/o 56, Hanumant B, BJS Colony, Jodhpur, Rajasthan.

सत्यमंव जय

Versus

----Respondent

D.B. Spl. Appl. Writ No. 596 / 2018

1. The Rajasthan Public Service Commission Through Its Secretary, Gugra Ghati, Jaipur Road, Ajmer.

2. The Secretary, Rajasthan Public Service Secretary, Jaipur Road, Ajmer.

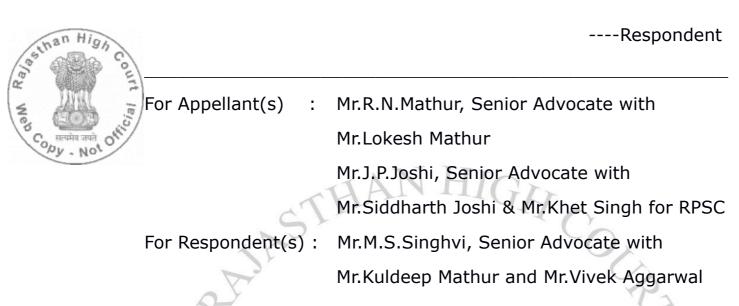
----Appellants

Versus





Purspendra Singh Rajawat S/o Suryaveer Singh Rajawat, Aged About 31 Years, R/o VPO Khera Kachhawasa, Vaya Damri, Tehsil & District Dungarpur, Rajasthan.



HON'BLE THE CHIEF JUSTICE

HON'BLE MR. JUSTICE VINIT KUMAR MATHUR

Judgment

Reserved on 06.04.2018

Pronounced on 10.04.2018

Per Hon'ble the Chief Justice

1. Sajjan Singh was the writ petitioner in S.B.Civil Writ Petition No.4440/2017. Birda Ram Bishnoi was the writ petitioner in S.B.Civil Writ Petition No.10812/2017. Purshpendra Singh Rajawat was the writ petitioner in S.B.Civil Writ Petition No.4466/2017. The writ petitions were heard together and detailed judgment was pronounced on 24.11.2017 in the writ petition filed by Sajjan Singh. Incorporating the reasoning in said decision dated 24.11.2017, vide order of even date i.e. 24.11.2017, the other two writ petitions were also disposed of. The writ petitions were allowed. 2. The central issue which arises for consideration on the pleadings of the parties before the learned Single Judge related to the interpretation of Note No.5 of the admit card issued to the three writ petitioners.



3. Before noting the language of Note No.5 of the admit card, the background facts need to be noticed.

4. An advertisement was issued by RPSC on 28.4.2016 inviting applications from eligible candidates to fill up various posts notified in the advertisement. The selection and appointment to the posts in question was as per the Rajasthan State and Subordinate Services (Direct Recruitment by Combined Competitive Examination) Rules, 1999. As per the proviso to sub-rule (1) of Rule 4 of the Rules of 1999, 7% of the available vacancies were reserved for candidates who are non-gazetted employees of the Government, Panchayat Samitis and Zila Parishads.

5. Under the caption 'O*ther Details*', the advertisement made it known to the applicants that applications had to be filed on-line between 10.5.2016 till the mid night of 25.6.2016. Under the subject 'A*mendment in the on-line application forms*', it was made known to the candidates that amendment in the on-line application forms could be made between 26.6.2016 till 12.00 mid-night of 25.7.2016.

6. Under the caption 'Special Information' it was indicated to the candidates that if any applicant desired amendment in the on-line application form he had to do so within 30 days of the last date of



submission of the application forms and that after said date no correction or amendment was permissible in the application forms.

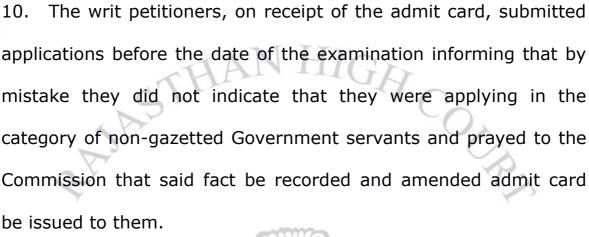


7. Relevant would it be to highlight that the information given to the candidates as special information was in conformity with what was indicated in the advertisement concerning the period within which amendments could be made to the on-line application forms.

8. The writ petitioners submitted their on-line applications before the cut off date prescribed and unfortunately for them while filling up the on-line application form they simply indicated that they were in Government service. None indicated that the post they were holding was a non-gazetted post.

9. As per the Rules of 1999, vide Rule 15, the competitive examination had two stages. A preliminary examination and a main examination. Those who qualified at the preliminary examination were to be short listed and only fifteen times the number of vacancies to be filled up were to be admitted to the main examination. The three writ petitioners cleared the preliminary examination and were issued admit cards for the ensuing main examination which was scheduled to be held on 28th and 29th January, 2017. The admit card recorded the name, father's name as also the category in which the writ petitioners had applied and there is no dispute that said particulars in the admit card are correct. Note No.5 of the admit card which fell for interpretation before the learned Single Judge provides that the applicant must verify that in the admit card his name, father's

name, date of birth and category etc. are correct and if any correction is desired he may submit an application to the office of the Commission with a postal order in sum of ₹300/-. After the date of the examination no application for correction shall be entertained.



11. The writ petitioners besieged the Commission with the reasoning given that Note No.5 in the admit card gave an opportunity to them to amend the application forms submitted on-line by them.

12. The stand of the Commission was that Note No.5 in the admit card did not give any opportunity to make any correction in the on-line application forms, which correction could be made, as indicated in the advertisement, only up till 12.00 mid night of 25.7.2016 and that Note No.5 in the admit card pertained to corrections to be made in the admit card by amending the same if there was a mismatch between what was filled up by way of particulars in the admit card by the Commission and put on-line vis-a-vis what was disclosed by the candidates in the on-line application forms.

13. The Commission also took the stand that on 7^{th} May, 2015 it





had taken a decision that no corrections would be accepted by the Commission in the application forms after the last date for making corrections in the admission forms as indicated in the advertisement had elapsed.



14. The view taken by the learned Single Judge is that the Commission did not make it known to the applicants that on 7.5.2015 it had passed a resolution as per which no corrections in the application forms were permissible after the last date notified in the advertisement for making corrections had elapsed. The learned Single Judge interpreted Note No.5 in the admit card as giving an opportunity to the applicants to make corrections in the application forms submitted. The learned Single Judge held that accordingly the Commission would be estopped from pleading that the corrections could not be made in the application forms after the last date notified for making corrections in the advertisement inviting applications had elapsed.

15. Seeking leave to appeal, Piyush Kaviya and others only challenged the decisions in favour of Sajjan Singh and Purshpendra Singh Rajawat for the reason they appear not to be in knowledge of the decision in favour of Birda Ram Bishnoi. Leave to appeal was granted to them because they were the affected candidates. RPSC challenges the three decisions in favour of the three writ petitioners.

16. Shri R.N.Mathur, learned Senior Counsel for Piyush Kaviya and others and Shri J.P.Joshi, learned Senior Counsel for RPSC submitted the same arguments. The arguments were a reiteration

of the stand of the Commission with respect to various clauses contained in the advertisement inviting applications and the language of the admit card.



With respect to the view taken by the learned Single Judge 17. that the Commission's decision dated 7.5.2015 was not made known to the candidates, learned Senior Counsels for the appellants urged that it is the content of decision which is required to be made known and it hardly matters whether the date of the decision is indicated in the information made known to the public at large. The argument was that in the advertisement inviting applications it was clearly mentioned that amendment in the application forms could be made till the mid night of 25th July, 2016 and by way of special information it was made known that no corrections would be permissible in the application forms after the last date by which the corrections could be made had elapsed. Per contra, Shri M.S.Singhvi, learned Senior Counsel for the 18. writ petitioners urged that the view taken by the learned Single Judge was correct and adopted the reasoning given by the learned

Single Judge.

19. With respect to the issue concerning the decision of the Commission dated 7th May, 2015, learned Senior Counsel cited the decision of a Division Bench of this Court reported as 2002 WLC (Raj.) UC 228 <u>State of Rajasthan V/s Smt.Kirti.</u> The learned Senior Counsel also relied upon the decisions of the Supreme Court reported as (2016) 4 SCC 754 <u>Ram Kumar Gijroya V/s Delhi</u> <u>Subordinate Services Selection Board & Anr.</u> and 1998 (9) SCC

20. From the facts noted hereinabove the factual position which



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clearly emerges is that when the Commission issued the advertisement inviting applications from eligible candidates on 28.4.2016, it categorically made known to the candidates that online applications had to be submitted between 10th May, 2016 till mid-night of 25th June, 2016 and further that amendments could be made in the on-line application forms submitted between 26.6.2016 till the mid-night of 25.7.2016 and by way of special information it was made known that no amendment to the on-line applications would be entertained after the last date indicated in the advertisement by which the amendment in the on-line applications could be made had elapsed. Thus, the decision taken by the Commission on 7th May, 2015 for not permitting any amendment in the on-line application forms to be made after the last date notified to the candidates by which amendment could be made had elapsed was made known to the candidates.

21. Thus, the reasoning of the learned Single Judge concerning the decision dated 7th May, 2015 by the Commission not being made known to the candidates is incorrect.

22. That takes us to the core issue: whether Note No.5 of the admit card gave another opportunity to the candidates to amend the on-line application forms.

23. Note No.5 is in Hindi and its English translation reads as under:-



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"The applicant must verify that in the admit card his name, father's name, date of birth and category etc. are correct and if any correction is desired he may submit an application to the office of the Commission with a postal order in sum of ₹300/- before the date of examination positively. After the date of the examination no application for correction shall be entertained. Correction will be in the discretion of the Commission."

24. A plain reading of Note No.5 makes it very clear that attention of the candidate, to whom the admission card was issued, is drawn to the fact that he should check up the particulars mentioned in the admission card and this would obviously means the particulars as mentioned by the candidate in his application form. If there is any discrepancy the same should be brought to the notice of the Commission and that said exercise must be completed before the date of the final examination, evinced by the wording of the Note i.e. after the date of the examination no application for correction shall be entertained.

25. In view of the unambiguous and clear language in the advertisement which gave one month time after the last date for submitting on-line applications for corrections to be made and clearly indicated that no application for correction in the on-line application forms would be accepted thereafter, there is no scope to interpret Note No.5 in the admit card as done by the learned Single Judge. That apart the language of the Note admits of no two interpretations. The language is clear. It permits the applicants to bring to the notice of the Commission any error in



the admit card concerning the candidate and said error has to be a mismatch between the particulars disclosed by the candidate in the on-line application and admit card. Thus, the question of any promissory estoppel binding the Commission does not arise.



26. As regards the decisions cited by learned Senior Counsel for the writ petitioners, in *Smt.Kirti's case* applicability of Rule 10(4) of the applicable Rules came up for consideration. The Rules of 1962 were amended in the years 1982 and 1984. As amended the Rule required change of preference to be indicated for a particular service desired to be accepted within 30 days of declaration of the result of the written examination. The writ petitioner successfully established that she had no knowledge of the amended Rules and when she applied to the Government Press for the Rules to be issued to her in the year 1992, the original Rules, sans the amendment were provided to her. In that view of the matter relief was granted to her with additional reason that in the original application form there was no stipulation that a candidate would not be allowed to change his/her preference.

27. As noted hereinabove, in the instant case advertisement clearly indicated to the candidates that no change in the application forms would be permissible after the mid night of 25th July, 2016.

28. The decisions in <u>Ram Kumar Gijroya's case</u> and <u>Seema</u> <u>Kumari Sharma's case</u> do not apply in the instant case. In <u>Ram</u> <u>Kumar's case</u> the issue concerned the date by which an OBC certificate had to be submitted and the decision in <u>Seema Kumari</u>



<u>Sharma's case</u> concerned assignment of marks for candidates belonging to backward areas and belonging to IRDP families. The applicants had submitted the IRDP certificate late.



29. It needs to be highlighted that seeking public employment number of applicants swell into thousands for every the appointment offered. The cumbersome process of processing the applications manually and at each stage of the selection process manual intervention being time consuming, aid of technology is being taken. On-line applications are being received. Opportunities to correct mistakes in the on-line application forms are provided by opening a window period. When the window period closes, the forms, applications etc. as amended are processed. The computer generates the admit cards. The results of the examination are fed in the computer for various categories of posts and in the instant case, the number being 30, select list based on merits and categories are generated by the computer. The candidates need to be vigilant and specially when, as in the instant advertisement, they were cautioned time and again to check their particulars and a window period within which corrections could be made was made available to the candidates. 30. Whilst it may be true that every endeavour should be made induct meritorious candidates but at to the same time

correct errors committed by them has to be kept in mind. It serves public interest that appointments to civil posts are made as early as possible.

administrative inconvenience caused by permitting applicants to

31. Thus, the conflict between merit and public interest subserved by timely filling up of public posts has to be balanced. The balance is stuck in the instant case by giving a window period to the candidates to correct the on-line application forms. The balance was stuck by prohibiting any application to be submitted after last date notified.

32. The writ petitioners were negligent. They never disclosed in the on-line application forms submitted that they were nongazetted Government employees. Thus, it was too late in the day for them to seek change in the category in which they had applied after the admit cards were issued by informing the Commission that they were non-gazetted Government employees.

33. The appeals are allowed. Impugned orders of even date i.e. 24.11.2017 are set aside. S.B.Civil Writ Petition No.4440/2017 filed by Sajjan Singh, S.B.Civil Writ Petition No.10812/2017 filed by Birda Ram Bishnoi and S.B.Civil Writ Petition No.4466/2017 filed by Purshpendra Singh Rajawat are dismissed.

34. No costs.

(VINIT KUMAR MATHUR)J. (PRADEEP NANDRAJOG)CJ.

<u>Parmar</u>