पुस्तिका में पृष्ठों की संख्या—16 No. of pages in Booklet -16 पुस्तिका में प्रश्नों की संख्या—100 No. of Questions in Booklet -100 Subject Code — 04

विषय / SUBJECT : Mechanical Engineering

NEAP-81

PAPER-II

Question Paper Booklet No. प्रथन-पत्र पुस्तिका संख्या
4002705

अधिकतम अंक : 200 Maximum Marks: 200

समय : 2.00 घण्टे Time: 2.00 Hours

प्रश्न-पत्र पुस्तिका एवं उत्तर पत्रक के पेपर सील / पॉलिथीन बैग को खोलने पर परीक्षार्थी यह सुनिश्चित कर लें कि उसके प्रश्न-पत्र पुस्तिका पर वही प्रश्न-पत्र पुस्तिका संख्या अंकित है जो उत्तर पत्रक पर अंकित है। इसमें कोई भिन्नता हो तो वीक्षक से दूसरा प्रश्न-पत्र प्राप्त कर लें। ऐसा न करने पर जिम्मेदारी अभ्यर्थी की होगी।

The candidate should ensure that Question Paper Booklet No. of the Question Paper Booklet and Answer Sheet must be same after opening the Paper Seal/ polythene bag. In case they are different, a candidate must obtain another Question Paper from the Invigilator. Candidate himself shall be responsible for ensuring this.

परीक्षार्थियों के लिए निर्देश

- 1. सभी प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए।
- 2. सभी प्रश्नों के अंक समान हैं।
- 3. प्रत्येक प्रश्न का केवल एक ही उत्तर दीजिए।
- 4. एक से अधिक उत्तर देने की दशा में प्रश्न के उत्तर को गलत माना जाएगा।
- 5. प्रत्येक प्रश्न के चार वैकल्पिक उत्तर दिये गये हैं, जिन्हें क्रमशः 1, 2, 3, 4 अंकित किया गया है। अभ्यर्थी को सही उत्तर निर्दिष्ट करते हुए उनमें से केवल एक गोले अथवा बबल को उत्तर पत्रक पर नीले बॉल प्वाइंट पेन से गहरा करना है।
- 6. OMR उत्तर पत्रह इस परीक्षा पुस्तिका के साथ रखा है। जब आपको परीक्षा पुस्तिका खोलने को कहा जाए, तो उत्तर पत्रक निकाल कर ध्यान से केवल नीले बॉल प्वाइंट पेन से विवरण भरें। OMR उत्तर पत्र पर प्रश्न-पत्र पुस्तिका संख्या ध्यानपूर्वक भरें।
- 7. प्रत्येक गलत उत्तर के लिए प्रश्न अंक का 1/3 भाग काटा जायेगा। गलत उत्तर से तात्पर्य अशुद्ध उत्तर अथवा किसी भी प्रश्न के एक से अधिक उत्तर से है। किसी भी प्रश्न से संबंधित गोले या बबल को खाली छोड़ना गलत उत्तर नहीं माना जायेगा।
- 8. मोबाइल फोन अथवा इलेक्ट्रॉनिक यंत्र का परीक्षा हॉल में प्रयोग पूर्णतया वर्जित है। यदि किसी अभ्यर्थी के पास ऐसी कोई वर्जित सामग्री मिलती है तो उसके विरुद्ध आयोग द्वारा नियमानुसार कार्यवाही की जायेगी।
- कृपया अपना रोल नम्बर ओ.एम.आर. पत्रक पर सावधानीपूर्वक सही भरें। गलत अथवा अपूर्ण रोल नम्बर भरने पर 5 अंक कुल प्राप्तांकों में से काटे जा सकते हैं।
- 10. यदि किसी प्रश्न में किसी प्रकार की कोई मुद्रण या तथ्यात्मक प्रकार की त्रुटि हो तो प्रश्न के हिन्दी तथा अंग्रेजी रूपान्तरों में से अंग्रेजी रूपान्तर मान्य होगा।

चेतावनी: अगर कोई अभ्यर्थी नकल करते पकड़ा जाता है या उसके पास से कोई अनिधकृत सामग्री पाई जाती है, उस अभ्यर्थी के विरुद्ध पुलिस में प्राथमिकी दर्ज कराते हुए विविध नियमों—प्रावधानों के तहत कार्यवाही की जाएगी। साथ ही विभाग ऐसे अभ्यर्थी को भविष्य में होने वाली विभाग की समस्त परीक्षाओं से विवर्जित कर सकता है।

INSTRUCTIONS FOR CANDIDATES

- 1. Answer all questions.
- All questions carry equal marks.
- 3. Only **one** answer is to be given for each question.
- 4. If more than one answers are marked, it would be treated as wrong answer.
- Each question has four alternative responses marked serially as 1, 2, 3, 4. You have to darken only one circle or bubble indicating the correct answer on the Answer Sheet using BLUE BALL POINT PEN.
- 6. The OMR Answer Sheet is kept with this Test Booklet. When you are directed to open the Test Booklet, take out the Answer Sheet and fill in the particulars carefully with blue ball point pen only. Please fill the Question Paper Booklet no. on the OMR Answer Sheet carefully.
- 7. 1/3 part of the mark(s) of each question will be deducted for each wrong answer. (A wrong answer means an incorrect answer or more than one answers for any question. Leaving all the relevant circles or bubbles of any question blank will not be considered as wrong answer.)
- Mobile Phone or any other electronic gadget in the examination hall is strictly prohibited. A candidate found with any of such objectionable material with him/her will be strictly dealt as per rules.
- Please correctly fill your Roll Number in O.M.R. Sheet.
 Marks can be deducted for filling wrong or incomplete Roll Number.
- If there is any sort of ambiguity/mistake either of printing or factual nature then out of Hindi and English Version of the question, the English Version will be treated as standard.

Warning: If a candidate is found copying or if any unauthorized material is found in his/her possession, F.I.R. would be lodged against him/her in the Police Station and he/she would liable to be prosecuted. Department may also debar him/her permanently from all future examinations.

इस परीक्षा पुस्तिका को तब तक न खोलें जब तक कहा न जाए। Do not open this Test Booklet until you are asked to do so.

MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

1.	Which of motion?	the following mechanism gene	rates intermitte	nt rotary motion from continuous rotary
	(1) S	cotch yoke mechanism	(2) (4)	Geneva mechanism Whitworth mechanism
2.	A slider	moving in a curve surface will	have its instanta	aneous center -
	01500050	their point of contact	(2)	at infinity
		the center of curvature	(4)	anywhere on the curve surface
3.	A planar	linkage having 8 links and 9 jo	oints of single of	degree of freedom will have
	degree o	f freedom.		
	(1) 1		(2)	2
	(3) 3		(4)	4
4.	In two s	our gears in mesh having involu	ite profiles, the	line of action is tangential to -
	(1) p	itch circle	(2)	base circle
	(3) a	ddendum circle	(4)	dedendum circle
5.	A slider accelera		rotating at 60	rpm will haveČorioli
		$00\pi \text{ mm/s}^2$	(2)	$400\pi \text{ mm/s}^2$
		$00\pi \text{ mm/s}^2$	(4)	300π mm/s ²
6.		s of Rigidity is related to -		
	(1) L	ength	(2)	Shape
	(3) S	ize	(4)	Volume
7.	The stre	ss – strain curve of an ideal elas	stic material wi	th strain hardening will be as -
	(1)	$\left \frac{1}{\delta} \right = \frac{1}{\delta}$	(2)	$ \begin{array}{c} \uparrow \\ \hline $
	(3)		(4)	↑ ↑ ~ ~ ~

8.	What is the mode of failure of a short m	What is the mode of failure of a short mild steel column (having slenderness ratio less than 10)					
	under axial compressive load?						
	(1) Fracture	(2) Buckling					
	(3) Yielding	(4) Both (2) and (3)					
9.	A solid circular shaft is subjected to p	ure torsion. The ratio of maximum shear to maximum					
	normal stress at any point would be -						
	(1) 1:1	(2) 1:2					
	(3) 2:1	(4) 2:3					
10.	Material used for machine tool beds is -						
	(1) cast iron	(2) mild steel					
	(3) high carbon steel	(4) alloy steel					
11.	The crystal structure of austenite is -						
	(1) body centered cubic	(2) face centered cubic					
	(3) hexagonal closed packed	(4) body centered tetragonal					
12.	In a 3 – D state of stress, the independen	t stress components required to define state – of – stress					
	at a point are -						
	(1) 3	(2) 6					
,	(3) 12	(4) 9					
13.	Detrimental property of a material for sl	nock load applications is-					
	(1) High density	(2) Low toughness					
	(3) High strength	(4) Low hardness					
14.	What causes transformation of deforme	d martensite into austenite phase?					
	(1) Heating	(2) Cooling					
0 1 10	(3) Both (1) and (2)	(4) Quenching					
15.	Brass is an alloy of -						
	(1) copper and zinc	(2) tin and zinc					
	(3) copper and tin	(4) copper and aluminium					
16.	Cutting tool material 18 – 4 – 1 HSS ha	s which one of the following compositions?					
	(1) 18% W, 4% Cr, 1% V	(2) 18% Cr, 4% W, 1% V					
	(3) 18% W, 4% Ni, 1% V	(4) 18% Cr, 4% Ni, 1% V					

17.	· A built – up – edg	ge is formed	l while machining -
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- (1) Ductile materials at high speed
- (2) Ductile materials at low speed
- (3) Brittle materials at high speed
- (4) Brittle materials at low speed

18. Why does crater wear start at some distance from the tool tip?

- (1) Tool strength is minimum at that (2) Cutting fluid cannot penetrate that region region
- (3) Tool temperature is maximum in that (4) Stress on rake face is maximum at region that region
- 19. The process of removing the burrs or flash from a forged component in drop forging is called -
 - (1) Swaging

(2) Perforating

(3) Trimming

- (4) Fettling
- **20.** Which one of the following methods is used for the manufacturing of collapsible tooth paste tubes?
 - (1) Impact extrusion

(2) Direct extrusion

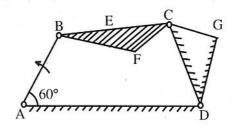
(3) Deep drawing

- (4) Piercing
- 21. The maximum efficiency of a screw jack is.....
 - $(1) \quad \frac{1 \sin\phi}{1 + \sin\phi}$

 $(2) \quad \frac{1 + \sin\phi}{1 - \sin\phi}$

 $(3) \quad \frac{1 - \tan\phi}{1 + \tan\phi}$

- $(4) \quad \frac{1 + \tan\phi}{1 \tan\phi}$
- A four link mechanism shown in the figure has link lengths as AB = 50 mm, BC = 66 mm, CD = 56 mm and AD = 100 mm. If at an instant when $\angle DAB = 60^{\circ}$ and the link AB has an angular velocity of 10.5 rad/s in the counter clockwise direction, the velocity of B relative to A (vector v_{ba}) (in m/s) of the point C is......



(1) 0. 131

(2) 0. 262

(3) 0.393

(4) 0.525

		N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N		
23.	In a g	gear train in which the axes of the shafts over	er whi	ch the gears are mounted, move relative
	to a f	ixed axis, is called		
	(1)	Compound gear train	(2)	Simple gear train
	(3)	Epicyclic gear train	(4)	Reverted gear train
24.	If E is	s the Young's modulus, K is the bulk modulu	us and	C is the modulus of rigidity, the relation
	betwe	een them is		
	(1)	$E = \frac{3 \text{ K}}{9 \text{ K} + \text{C}}$	(2)	$E = \frac{9 \text{ K C}}{3 \text{ K} + \text{C}}$
	(3)-	$E = \frac{3 \text{ K} + C}{9 \text{ K C}}$	(4)	$E = \frac{3 \text{ K}}{9 \text{ K} + \text{C}}$
25.	The v	vord kanban is most appropriately associate	d with	n -
	. (1)	Economic order quantity	(2)	Just – in – time production
	(3)	Capacity planning	(4)	Product design
26.	As pr	oduction systems move from projects to batc	h proc	duction to mass production to continuous
	produ	ection -		
	(1)	demand volume increases	(2)	products become more customized
	(3)	production systems become less automated	(4)	production systems become more flexible
27.	For a	ctivities on the critical path -		
	(1)	earliest start time (ES) = latest start time	(2)	earliest start time (ES) > latest start
		(LS)		time (LS)
	(3)	earliest start time (ES) < latest start time	(4)	earliest start time (ES) = latest finish
		(LS)		time (LF)
28.	Whic	h of the following is not a type of predictab.	le den	nand behavior?
	(1)	trend	(2)	random variation
	(3)	cycle	(4)	seasonal pattern
29.	The r	atio of transverse contraction strain to lon	gitudi	nal extension strain in the direction of
	stretc	hing force within elastic limits and for a hor	noger	neous material is
	(1)	Modulus of Elasticity	(2)	Modulus of Rigidity
τ	(3)	Bulk Modulus	(4)	Poisson Ratio

30.	The smallest portion of a crystal which when repeated in different directions generates the ent				
	crysta	ıl is			
*	(1)	crystal lattice	(2)	unit cell	
	(3)	lattice point	(4)	gage length	
31.	Perm	anent deformation of solid material unde	r the inf	luence of long - term exposure of high	
	level	of mechanical stresses that are still below	v the yie	ld strength along with subjected to heat	
	is				
	(1)	Elasticity	(2)	Isotropy	
	(3)	Hardness	(4)	Creep	
32.	The a	tomic packing factor for face - centered of	cubic stri	ucture is	
	(1)	0.34	(2)	0.52	
	(3)	0.68	(4)	0.74	
33.	The s	tatement that molecular weights of all gas	ses occuj	py the same volume is known as -	
	(1)	Avogadro's hypothesis	(2)	Gas law	
	(3)	Dalton's law	(4)	Thermodynamics law	
34.	It is o	desired to store 28 kg of nitrogen at 14 M	MPa pres	ssure and 27°C in a cylinder. Assuming	
	that n	nitrogen behaves like an ideal gas, determ	ine the si	ize of the cylinder.	
18	(1)	0.01782 m^3	(2)	0.1782 m^3	
	(3)	1.782 m^3	(4)	17.82 m ³	
35.	The f	irst law of thermodynamics was developed	ed by -		
	(1)	Joule	(2)	Kelvin	
*3	(3)	Charles	(4)	Carnot	
36.	Whic	ch one of the following non – dimensiona	ıl numbe	ers is used for transition from laminar to	
	turbu	lent flow in free convection?		Total Control	
	(1)	Reynolds number	(2)	Nusselt number	
1 12 12	(3)	Peclet number	(4)	Rayleign number	
37.		ch one of the following is correct? The	effective	eness of a fin will be maximum in an	
		ronment with-			
	(1)	Free convection	(2)	Forced convection	
	(3)	Radiation	(4)	Convection and radiation	

40. 41. 42. 43.	Whic	h one of the following ex	pansion proce	sses takes	place in a vapour compression cycle?
	(1)	3	with change	in (2)	Adiabatic process with work transfer
	E1	temperature	1 2		
	(3)	T	with change	in (4)	Adiabatic process with constant
		enthalpy			enthalpy
39.	A goo	od refrigerant should hav	e -	45	
	(1)	Large latent heat of var	orization and	low (2)	Small latent heat of vaporization and
		operating pressures			high operating pressures
	(3)	Large latent heat of vap	orization and h	igh (4)	Small latent heat of vaporization and
		operating pressures		*) *:	low operating pressures
40.	If a m	ass of moist air in an air	tight vessel is l	neated to a	higher temperature, then -
	(1)	Specific humidity of th	e air increases	(2)	Specific humidity of the air decreases
	(3)	Relative humidity of the air increases (4) R		Relative humidity of the air decreases	
41.	A Pel	ton wheel is ideally suite	ed for -		
CO T	(1)	High head and low disc	charge	(2)	High head and high discharge
	(3)	Low head and low disc	harge	(4)	Medium head and medium discharge
42.	The a	bility of casting material	to fill the mou	ld cavity i	s described by
	(1)	cohesiveness		(2)	reactiveness
	(3)	fluidity		(4)	permeability
43.	The p	rimary cause for deflecti	on of arc durin	g arc weld	ling is
	(1)	hydrostatic field		(2)	magnetic field
	(3)	explosive field		(4)	wind velocity field
44.	Anoth	ner name for Military org	anization is		
	(1)	Line organization		(2)	Functional organization
	(3)	Line and staff organiza	tion	(4)	Hybrid organization
45.	A wo	rker takes an average of	10 minutes to c	complete a	task. If the performance rating is 110%
	and a	n allowance of 15% is pe	rmissible, the	standard ti	ime (in minutes) for completing the task
	(1)	9		(2)	10
	(3)	11		(4)	12.9

46.	The p	roperty of a working substance which incr	eases	or decreases as the heat is supplied or
	remov	ed in a reversible manner is		
	(1)	entropy	(2)	external energy
	(3)	internal energy	(4)	enthalpy
47.	A con	posite wall has two layers of different mat	erials	having thermal conductivities of k1 and
	k ₂ . If	each layer has the same thickness, the	equiva	alent thermal conductivity of the wall
	is			
	(1)	$k_1 + k_2$	(2)	$\frac{(k_1 + k_2)}{k_1 k_2}$
	(3)	$\frac{(2k_1 \ k_2)}{k_1 + k_2}$	(4)	k ₁ k ₂
48.	When	a hot fluid is flowing over a cold flat plate	, the to	emperature gradient is
	(1)	zero at the surface	(2)	negative at the surface
	(3)	zero at the edge of the thermal boundary	(4)	positive at the edge of the thermal
		layer		boundary layer
49.	The c	ritical radius is the insulation radius at which	h the	resistance to heat flow is
	(1)	Minimum	(2)	Zero
	(3)	Maximum	(4)	Double
50.	Amor	ngst the following options what remains co	onstan	t during adiabatic saturation process on
	unsat	urated air?		
	(1)	Dew point temperature	(2)	Relative humidity
	(3)	Wet bulb temperature	(4)	Dry bulb temperature
51.	The f	ormation of frost on cooling coils in a refrig	gerato	r
	(1)	improves C. O. P. of the system	(2)	increases power consumption
	(3)	increases heat transfer	(4)	reduces power consumption
52.	If a g	as is to be liquefied, its temperature must be	e	
	(1)	increased to two times of critical	(2)	increased to five times of the critical
	T 120	temperature		temperature
	(3)	raised to ten times of the critical	(4)	decreased below the critical
		temperature	65.	temperature

53.	Dew p	point temperature is the temperature at which	ch con	densation begins when the air is cooled
	at con	stant -		
	(1)	Volume	(2)	Pressure
	(3)	Entropy	(4)	Enthalpy
54.	If $w =$	Specific weight of water in N/m ³ , $a = Cros$	s sect	tional area of jet in m^2 and $V = Velocity$
	of jet	in m/s, the force exerted (in N) by a jet o	f wate	er impinging normally on a fixed plate
	is			
	(1)	waV/2g		waV/g
	(3)	$waV^2/2g$	(4)	waV^2/g
55.	If V_1	is inlet jet velocity, u is blade velocity an	d	outlet blade angle (bucket angle), the
	hydra	ulic efficiency of a Pelton wheel is expresse	ed as	
	(1)	$\eta_h = \frac{(2u) (V_1-u) (1+\cos \phi)}{{V_1}^2}$	(2)	$\eta_{h} = \frac{(2u) (V_{1} + u) (1 + \cos\phi)}{{V_{1}^{2}}}$
.11		$ \eta_h = \frac{(2u) (V_1 + u) (1 - \cos \phi)}{{V_1}^2} $	(4)	$ \eta_h = \frac{(2u) (V_1 - u) (1 - \cos \phi)}{{V_1}^2} $
56.	Conve	ergent – divergent nozzle is said to be choke	ed wh	en
	(1)	critical pressure is attained at the exit and	(2)	velocity at the throat becomes
		Mach number at this section is sonic		supersonic
	(3)	exit velocity becomes supersonic	(4)	mass flow rate through the nozzle
				reaches a maximum value
57.		am turbine, in which a part of the steam after the remaining steam is further expa		
	as	Pauls procesure turking	(2)	Impulse turbine
	(1)	Back pressure turbine	(2) (4)	Pass out turbine
58.	(3)	Low pressure turbine	100	
50.		bression ratio of I. C. engine isthe ratio of the volume of its combustion	(2)	the ratio of clearance volumes
	(1)		(2)	available in the combustion cylinder.
	4,1,	chamber from its largest capacity to its		available in the combustion cylinder.
		smallest capacity.	(4)	the ratio of pressure before
	(3)	the ratio of pressure after compression to	(4)	
		pressure before compression.		,
				compression.

59.	Vapor	lock in a gasoline - fueled internal combus	stion e	ngine is basically
	(1)	due to partial stoppage of fuel supply due	(2)	due to mechanical seizure in the
		to vaporization of fuel in the supply		exhaust system
	(3)	due to accelerated supply of fuel to the	(4)	due to freezing of liquid fuel
60.	The ig	engine gnition quality of petrol is expressed by -		
	(1)	Octane number	(2)	Cetane number
	(3)	Calorific value	(4)	Efficiency number
61.	Which	n of the following is an inversion of single s	lider -	- crank chain?
*	(1)	Elliptical Trammel	(2)	Hand Pump
	(3)	Scotch Yoke	(4)	Oldham's Coupling
62.	The V	elocity ratio in the case of compound train	of wh	eels is equal to -
		Number of teeth on first driver		Number of teeth on last follower
	(1)	Number of teeth on last follower	(2)	Number of teeth on first driver
	(3)	Product of teeth on the drivers product of teeth on the followers	(4)	Product of teeth on the followers product of teeth on the drivers
63.	A boo	ly of weight 50 N is kept on a plane incline	ed at a	an angle of 30° to the horizontal. It is in
	limiti	ng equilibrium. The coefficient of friction is	s equa	l to -
	(1)	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$	(2)	$\sqrt{3}$
	(3)	$\frac{1}{50\sqrt{3}}$	(4)	$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{5}$
64.	Find t	he extension of a bar of length 'L' and weigh	ht 'w/ı	unit length' having uniform cross section
	area '	A' suspended from top, due to its self-weig	tht and	d a load 'P' applied at bottom (along the
	direct	ion of self-weight). What is the extension is	f P = v	weight of the bar?
	(1)	PL	(2)	w L ²
	(1)	ĀĒ	(2)	$\frac{\text{w L}^2}{2 \text{ E}}$
	(3)	$\frac{3}{2} \frac{\text{w L}^2}{\text{E}}$	(4)	$2\left[\frac{PL}{AE} + \frac{wL^2}{2E}\right]$
65.	The v	value of J in equation $\frac{T}{J} = \frac{S}{y} = \frac{G \theta}{1}$ for a circ	ular s	olid shaft of diameter 'D' will be -
	(1)	$\frac{\pi D^4}{32}$	(2)	$\frac{\pi D^4}{64}$
	(3)	$\frac{\pi D^3}{64}$	(4)	$\frac{\pi D^3}{32}$
		UT		34
[04]	出	Page 10 of 1	6 :	To the field
				4 - 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1

66.	While	e designing a shaft, pulley and key for a syst	tem -	
	(1)	Shaft is the weakest member	(2)	Pulley is the weakest member
	(3)	Key is the weakest member	(4)	All are designed for equal strength
67.	Eutec	tic reaction for iron - carbon system occurs	at -	
	(1)	600 °C	(2)	723 °C
	(3)	1147 °C	(4)	1490 ℃
68.	The p	ercentage of carbon in gray cast iron is in the	ne ran	ge of -
	(1)	0.25 to 0.75%	(2)	1.25 to 1.75%
	(3)	3 to 4%.	(4)	8 to 10%
69.	The v	ibration frequency used for the tool in the U	Jltrasc	onic machining is of the order of -
	(1)	10,000 oscillations per second	(2)	20,000 oscillations per second
	(3)	35,000 oscillations per second	(4)	45,000 oscillations per second
70.	Whic	h one of the following materials will require g?	e the	largest size of riser for the same size of
	(1)	Aluminium	(2)	Cast iron
	(3)	Steel	(4)	Copper
71.	The p	proportion of acetylene and oxygen used in §	gas we	elding is -
	(1)	2:1	(2)	1:1
	(3)	1:2	(4)	3:4
72.	An is	olated system -	7.0	
	(1)	is a specified region where transfer of	(2)	is a region of constant mass and only
		energy and/or mass takes place.		energy is allowed to cross the
				boundaries.
	(3)	cannot transfer either energy or mass to	(4)	is one in which mass within the
		or from the surroundings.		system is not necessarily constant.
73.	In the	polytropic process equation $pv^n = constan$	t if η	is infinitely large, the process is termed
	as -			
15 29	(1)	Constant volume	(2)	Constant pressure
	(3)	Constant temperature	(4)	Adiabatic

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	(1)	Thermal efficiency of Otto cycle is	(2)	Thermal efficiency of Otto cycle is
		greater than that of Diesel cycle.		less than that of Diesel cycle.
	(3)	Thermal efficiency of Otto cycle is same	(4)	Mechanical efficiency of Otto cycle
		as that of Diesel cycle.		is greater than that of Otto cycle.
75.	If the	temperature of the source is increased, the	efficie	ncy of the Carnot engine -
	(1)	decreases	(2)	increases
	(3)	will be equal to the efficiency of a	(4)	does not change
		practical engine	20	
76.	In a re	eversible adiabatic process the ratio (T_1 / T_2) is eq	ual to -
	(1)	$\left(\frac{p_1}{p_2}\right) \frac{\gamma - 1}{\gamma}$	(2)	$\left(\frac{v_1}{v_2}\right) \frac{\gamma - 1}{\gamma}$
	(3)	$(v_1 v_2)^{\frac{\gamma-1}{2\gamma}}$	(4)	$\left(\frac{v_2}{v_1}\right)^{\gamma}$
77.	0.8 ru	cking finds that monthly demand for a partic spees and cost of placing an order is ₹20. The ce of pen. What is EOQ?		
	(1)	1000	(2)	2000
	(3)	500	(4)	750
78.		RT activity has an optimistic time of three	5	
	expec	eted time is 7 days. The most likely time of the factor of	(2)	6 days
	(3)	7 days	(4)	9 days
79.		veaving operation, the parameter to be con-	rolled	l is the number of defects per 10 square
	yards	of material. Control chart appropriate for the	nis tas	k is -
	(1)	P – chart	(2)	C – chart
	(3)	R – chart	(4)	\overline{X} – chart
80.	Prelin	minary work sampling studies show that m	achin	e was idle 25% of the time based on a
	samp	le of 100 observations. The number of obse	rvatio	ns needed for a confidence level of 95%
	(k = 2)	2) and an accuracy of $\pm 5\%$ is -		
	(1)	400	(2)	1200
	(3)	3600	(4)	4800
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74.

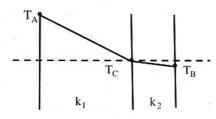
For same compression ratio -

- 81. The equation of effectiveness $\varepsilon = 1 e^{-NTU}$ of heat exchanger is valid (NTU is number of transfer units) in the case of -
 - (1) boiler and condenser for parallel flow
- (2) boiler and condenser for counter flow
- (3) boiler and condenser for both parallel and counter flow
- (4) gas turbine for both parallel and counter flow
- **82.** The radial heat transfer rate through hollow cylinder increases as the ratio of outer radius to inner radius -
 - (1) decreases

(2) increases

(3) constant

- (4) decreases as well as increases
- 83. The temperature variation under steady heat conduction across a composite slab of two materials of conductivities k_1 and k_2 is shown in Fig. Then which one of the following statements holds?



(1) $k_1 > k_2$

(2) $k_1 = k_2$

(3) $k_1 = 0$

- 4) $k_1 < k_2$
- The radiation heat transfer from an inner cylindrical surface of radius r_1 and emissivity ϵ_1 at temperature T_1 to concentric cylinder of radius r_2 , emissivity ϵ_2 and at temperature T_2 is proportional to
 - (1) $\frac{T_1^4 T_2^4}{\left[\frac{1}{\varepsilon_1} + \left(\frac{1}{\varepsilon_2} 1\right)\left(\frac{r_1}{r_2}\right)\right]}$

(2) $\frac{{T_1}^4 - {T_2}^4}{\left[\frac{1}{\varepsilon_1} - \left(\frac{1}{\varepsilon_2} - 1\right)\left(\frac{r_1}{r_2}\right)\right]}$

 $(3) \quad \frac{{T_1}^4-{\ T_2}^4}{\left[\frac{1}{\epsilon_1}+\left(\frac{1}{\epsilon_2}-1\right)\left(\frac{r_2}{r_1}\right)\right]}$

(4) $\frac{\left(\frac{r_2}{r_1}\right)\left(T_1^4 - T_2^4\right)}{\frac{1}{\varepsilon_1} + \left(\frac{1}{\varepsilon_2} - 1\right)}$

05.	III Tac	native heat transfer a gray surface is one -				
	(1)	which appears gray to the eye.	(2)	whose emissiv	ity is independent	of
				wavelength.		
	(3)	which has reflectivity equal to zero.	(4)	which appears of	equally bright from	all
				directions.		
86.	Non-	dimensional form of natural convection he	at trans	fer coefficient is		
	(1)	Grashof number	(2)	Reynolds numb	er	
	(3)	Nusselt number	(4)	Prandtl number		
87.	A cei	ntrifugal pump lifts water through a heigh	t h and	delivers it at a	velocity v _d . The los	ss of
	head	through piping is hf. The gross lift is -				
	(1)	$h + h_f$	(2)	$h_f + \frac{v_d^2}{2g}$ $h + \frac{v_d^2}{2g}$		
	(3)	$h+h_f+\frac{v_d^2}{2g}$	(4)	$h + \frac{v_d^2}{2g}$		
88.	Whic	h one of the following sets of condition cle	early ap	pply to an ideal fl	uid?	
	(1)	Viscous and compressible	(2)	Non Viscous an	nd incompressible	
	(3)	Non Viscous and compressible	(4)	Viscous and inc	compressible	
89.	If the	velocity vector in a two dimensional flo	w field	is given by $\vec{v} =$	$2 xy \hat{i} + (2y^2 - x^2)$	²)ĵ;
	then	the vorticity vector curl \vec{v} will be -			VV	
	(1)	$2y^2$ ĵ	(2)	6y ƙ	4.2	
	(3)	Zero	(4)	6y k̂ – 4x k̂	* E.A.	
90.	The l	Reynolds number for flow of a certain flu	id in a	circular tube is s	pecified as 2500. V	Vhat
	will b	be the Reynolds number when the tube diar	meter is	increased by 20	% and the fluid velo	ocity
	is de	creased by 40% keeping fluid the same?				
*	(1)	1200	(2)	1800		
	(3)	3600	(4)	200	- n _e I.	
91.	If the	ere are 'm' physical quantities and 'n' fund	lamenta	al dimensions in	a particular process	, the
	numl	per of non-dimensional parameters is -			: ()	
	(1)	m +, n	(2)	$m \times n$	dy .	-
2	(3)	m-n	(4)	m/n		

92.	If x is	If x is the distance measured from the leading edge of a flat plate, then laminar boundary layer			
	thick	ness varies as -			
	(1)	<u>1</u>	(2)	4 X5	
		x	()	Х2	
· 1	(3)	\mathbf{x}^{2}	(4)	$x^{\frac{1}{2}}$	
93.	In the unsaturated air the state of vapour is -				
	(1)	Wet	(2)	Superheated	
	(3)	Saturated	(4)	Unsaturated	
94.	During sensible heating of moist air, enthalpy -				
	(1)	increases	(2)	decreases	
	(3)	remains constant	(4)	none of the above	
95.	The r	The relative humidity, during cooling and dehumidification of moist air -			
	(1)	increases	(2)	decreases	
	(3)	can increase or decrease	(4)	remains constant	
96.	A heat pump operating between high temperature T ₁ and low temperature T ₁				
	expre	ssed as -			
				т_	
	(1)	$\frac{T_1}{T_1-T_2}$	(2)	$\frac{T_2}{T_1-\ T_2}$	
	(3)	$\frac{T_1-T_2}{T_1+T_2}$	(4)	$\frac{T_1 + T_2}{T_1 - T_2}$	
97.	Voltage developed to strike spark in the spark plug is in the range of -				
	(1)	6 to 12 Volts	(2)	1000 to 2000 Volts	
	(3)	20000 to 25000 Volts	(4)	None of the above	
98. Which among the following is the boiler mounting?					
	(1)	Blow off cock	(2)	Feed pump	
	(3)	Economizer	(4)	Superheater	
99.	A curve showing the variation of load on a power station with respect to time is known as-				
	(1)	Load curve	(2)	Load duration curve	
	(3)	Diversity factor	(4)	Performance curve	
100.	A po	A power generation station is to supply four regions of loads with peak demands of 10 MW, 1			
	MW,	20 MW and 30 MW. If the diversity factor	or is 1.5,	the maximum demand on the station is-	
	(1)	70 MW	(2)	60 MW	
	(3)	50 MW	(4)	40 MW	
XX					

Space for Rough Work

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