# RAJASTHAN PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION, AJMER

# SYLLABUS FOR SCREENING TEST FOR THE POST OF ASSISTANT PROFESSOR (Broad Speciality) – RADIODIAGNOSIS (MEDICAL EDUCATION DEPARTMENT)

#### **Unit: I Basic Science**

- **A. Anatomy** –Embryology, Gross and cross sectional anatomy of all the body systems of human.
- **B. Pathology** -Gross morphology of pathological conditions of systemic diseases affecting all organ systems.
- C. Human Physiology Basic human physiology of all system & organs.

### **Unit: II Clinical Radio-diagnosis**

This would cover imaging and interpretation of diseases affecting all the body systems:

- Musculo-skeletal System- Interpretation of diseases of muscles, soft tissue, bones and joints including congenital, inflammatory, traumatic, endocrine and metabolic, neoplastic and miscellaneous conditions.
- 2. **Respiratory System-** Interpretation of diseases of the chest wall, diaphragm, pleura and airway; pulmonary infections, pulmonary vasculature; pulmonary neoplasm; diffuse lung disease; mediastinal disease, chest trauma; post-operative lung and X-ray in intensive care.
- 3. **Cardiovascular System-** Interpretation of diseases and disorders of cardiovascular system (congenital and acquired conditions) and the role of imaging by conventional radiology, ultrasound, colour Doppler, CT, MRI, Angiography and Isotopes Studies.
- 4. **Gastro-intestinal tract and hepato-biliary pancreatic system-** Interpretation of diseases and disorders of mouth, pharynx, salivary glands, esophagus, stomach, small intestine, large intestine, diseases of omentum, peritoneum and mesentery: acute abdomen, abdominal trauma. Diseases and disorders of liver, biliary system and pancreas.
- 5. **Urogenital System-** Interpretation of various diseases and disorders of genitorurinary system. These include: congenital, inflammatory, traumatic, neoplastic, calculus disease and miscellaneous conditions.
- 6. **Central Nervous System (C.N.S.)-** Interpretation of diseases and disorders of the head, neck and spine covering, congenital, infective, vascular, traumatic neoplastic degeneration metabolic and miscellaneous condition.
- 7. Imaging in Emergency Medicine.
- 8. Imaging in Obstetrics and Gynecology.
- 9. Imaging of Breast and interventional procedures.
- 10. ENT, EYE and Dental Imaging.
- 11. Imaging of endocrine glands and those involved with metabolic diseases.
- 12. Clinical applied radionuclide imaging.
- 13. Interventional Radiology.

#### **Unit: III Radiological Physics**

- 1. Introduction of general properties of radiation and matter: Fundamentals of nuclear physics and radioactivity.
- 2. Interaction of x-rays and gamma rays with matter and their effects on irradiated materials.
- 3. X-ray Generating Apparatus.
- 4. Screen-film radiography.
- 5. Film processing: Dark room, dry processing, laser /dry chemistry cameras, artifacts.
- 6. Fluoroscopy: IITV, Digital including flat panel units and fluoroscopy cum radiography units.
- 7. Digital radiography: Computed Radiography, Flat panel radiography.
- 8. Other equipments: Ultrasound including Doppler, CT, DEXA, MRI, and DSA.
- 9. Contrast Media (Barium, Iodinated, MR & Ultrasound contrast) types, chemical composition, mechanism of action, dose schedule, route of administration, adverse reaction and their management.
- 10. Nuclear Medicine: Equipments including scintigraphy, Bone scan, SPECT & PET. Isotopes in various organ systems and recent advances.
- 11. Radiation biology & Hazards, Radiation protection and dosimetry.
- 12. Image quality and Quality Assurance (QA).
- 13. Regulatory control for radiation in India & abroad- e-LORA, AERB, ICRP.

#### Unit: IV General & Specialized Radiography and processing techniques

- 1. Processing techniques: includes dark room and dry processing.
- 2. Radiography of the musculo-skeletal system including extremities.
- 3. Radiography of the chest, spine, abdomen and pelvic girdle.
- 4. Radiography of the skull, orbit, sinuses.
- 5. Contrast techniques and interpretation of GI tract, hepato-biliary tract, pancreas etc.
- 6. Contrast techniques and interpretation of the Central Nervous system.
- 7. Contrast techniques and interpretation of the cardiovascular system including chest.
- 8. Contrast techniques and interpretation of the genito urinary system including Obstetrics and Gynaecology.
- 9. Paediatric radiology including MCU, genitogram, bone age.
- 10.Dental, portable and emergency (casualty) radiography.

#### Unit-V Recent advances in radio-diagnosis and imaging & its clinical applications

- 1. Ultrasound elastography, 3-D printing, 3-D & 4-D Ultra sonography.
- 2. Digital Mammography & tomosynthesis, Stereotactic Biopsy.
- 3. Dual energy CT scanner, CT fluoroscopy, CT angiography, MDCT.
- 4. Functional MRI, DTI & advanced MR sequences.
- 5. PET-CT, PET-MR.
- 6. Evidence based radiology.
- 7. Artificial intelligence in Radio-diagnosis.
- 8. Nuclear Molecular imaging.
- 9. Various Diagnostic & therapeutic interventions in Radio-diagnosis and their tools.
- 10. Picture Archiving and Communication System (PACS) and Radiology Information System (RIS) to make a film-less department and for Teleradiology.
- 11. Planning a Modern imaging Department.

# Unit: VI Ethical & Medico-legal Issues in Radio-diagnosis

- 1. Medico-legal imaging reporting, PC-PNDT act with amendments, Consumer protection act.
- 2. Ethical issues, Doctor patient relationship, Image interpretation & reporting issues.

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## Pattern of Question Papers:

1. Objective Type Paper

2. Maximum Marks: 180

3. Number of Questions: 180

4. Duration of Paper: Three Hours

5. All Questions carry equal marks

6. There will be Negative Marking.

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